Bellefonte Republican.

Established In 1869} "Let Us See To it that A Government of the People, for the People and by the People, Shall Not perish from th[illegible]arth."—A. LINCOLN. TERMS : $1.00 Per Year

VOL. XXXII BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY MORNING, MAY 30. 1901. NO. 20.

WILL ADJOURN JUNE 27

Pennsylvania's Legislature Will Shut Down on That Day.

BOTH HOUSES AGREE TO THIS

Which Decision Was the Outcome of a Conference Which Was Attended by Senators Quay and Penrose and Others.

LEGISLATION WILL BE PUSHED

HARRISBURG, Pa., May 29.—A conference between the state republican leaders and leading senators and members was held last night at this executive mansion, at which it was decided to support the Snyder bill appropriating $1,000,000 to pay the deficiency in the school appropriation caused by Governor Stone's reduction two years ago. The bill has passed the senate and is before the house appropriation committee.

It was also decided to push the apportionment bills, especially the congressional apportionment bill, which has passed the senate and is awaiting third reading and final passage in the house, and the judicial apportionment bill pending in the senate. There was a strong sentiment among the conferees in favor of the Fox capitol bill pending in the house and it is expected that it will be amended by reducing the appropriation from $5,000,000 to $4,500,000 and passed.

As a result of the conference both the senate and house adopted a resolution last night fixing June 27 for final adjournment of the legislature. The conference was attended by United States Senators Quay and Penrose, State Chairman Reeder, Governor Stone and members of his cabinet, President Pro Tem of the Senate Snyder, Speaker Marshall and other leading members of the senate and house.

Senator Penrose said, after the conference, that many of the law-makers favored the passage of the Focht ballot reform bill, and that it was possible that an earnest effort would be made to secure its passage. Senator Quay is not committed to this proposition and still adheres to his position at the recent conference between leading republicans and democrats on the Guffey ballot reform bill.

Senators Quay and Penrose are expected to stay in Harrisburg the remainder of the week to carry out the programme agreed upon at the conference.

Re-organization of the Centre County Banking Company.

It will be of interest to the people of Centre county to know that the long established Centre County Banking Co., has been re-organized upon a basis that maintains its established character and presages bright prospects for the future. Under this reorganization the present owners and proprietors of this banking house are, William P. Humes and his sister Miss Mira Humes (representing the entire estate of the late E. C. Humes, deceased) Mrs. Katharine W. Curtin, (representing the entire estate of the late Gov. Curtin, deceased) Mr. John M. Shugert (who since the death of his father has been filling and in the future will continue to fill the office of cashier so ably administered in the past by his deceased father, J. D. Shugert), Mr. James Harris (formerly of the late hardware firm of Jas. Harris & Co.,) Thomas A. Shoemaker and John M. Dale Esq. On Tuesday of this week a meeting of these partners was held at their banking house, and Messrs. Wm. P. Humes, James Harris, John M. Shugert, Thos. A. Shoemaker, John M. Dale and John Blanchard (the last named representing the interest of Mrs. Katharine W. Curtin), were elected directors of the bank for the ensuing year. John M. Shugert continues as the Cashier of the reorganized bank, and at this meeting Thomas A. Shoemaker was elected president and John L. Kurtz, so long and so faithfully and efficiently connected with this institution, was elected Vice President of the bank. With the active management of this board of directors and officers there can be no doubt that the high standing of this old banking institution, so long established in Centre county, will be fully maintained and will be broadened in its influence and usefulness.

Mrs. M. H. Wilson who was a heavy stockholder in this bank is no longer connected with it her stock having been purchased on Monday of this week by the bank.

—The oldest member of the Grand Army of the Republic is said to be Harry Dornon, of Michigan, who has just passed his 103rd year.

A YOUNG MAN'S SUCCESS.

One of the Carnegie Officials a Former Centre County Boy.

In an article on "Carnegie's Thirty Young Partners," in the last number of the Saturday Evening Post, Paul Latzke tells as follows the story of the rise of a young Centre county man who is well known in Bellefonte.

A raw country boy in the mountain district of Pennsylvania got a job, 17 years ago, as timekeeper at one of the smaller mines owned by the Carnegie company. Two years afterward the company decided to go into the natural gas business on an extensive scale; fifty or sixty wells were to be put down and hundreds of miles of piping were to be laid. The question was whom to put in charge of this new work. The superintendent of the mine where the country boy worked happened to be present in the board-room in Pittsburg when the question came up. He heard several names suggested, and after some discussion voted down. Then up spoke the superintendent:

"I have," said he, "the very man for the job. He is a young fellow and has never had any experience in great enterprises, but he is as bright as a dollar and can handle men better than anybody I ever saw in my life, being able in that respect to give me cards and spades. I suggest that you turn him loose on this proposition, and I will stake my reputation on it that he will succeed."

So earnest was the superintendent that he carried his point and was told to send his prodigy along. The prodigy appeared a few days later in the person of Daniel Clemson. He looked even rawer than his boss had painted him, but pretty clothes don't count for much in the steel business, and the young fellow gave such a good account of himself that it was decided he might be the man for the place. At any rate, as there was no better material in sight, he was given a trial.

Now it may seem a remarkable proposition to take a timekeeper out of a second class mine and make him general director of a huge enterprise in nowise related to the business in which he had been engaged, but it was and is accepted theory in the Carnegie company that experience counts for little. Youth, originality, boldness, a capacity for work and, in executive positions, the capacity for handling men, make up a combination, according to Carnegie standards, that is capable of grappling with any reasonable proposition.

In the case of Mr. Clemson the theory worked out as it had in other cases. He took charge of the natural gas enterprise and carried it to a conclusion with such success that he was given a partnership interest. He has remained in charge of this important department ever since, all the coal mines of the company being afterward put under his jurisdiction in addition to the gas plants.

Archdeaconry of the Episcopal Church In Session at Renova.

The archdeaconry of the Episcopal church of Central Pennsylvania, opened its sessions at Renova Monday, Rev. Howard Diller, of Renovo, in charge. Rev. Lewis Nichols, of Lock Haven, delivered the sermon Monday evening. Tuesday morning the holy communion was celebrated at 9:15 o'clock. The sermon was delivered by Rev. George Brown, of Bellefonte. After the communion service, a business meeting was held in the parish house. Tuesday afternoon the exercises were as follows: Essay by Rev. Edward Eckle, of Williamsport; critique by Rev. Dr. Foley, of Trinity church, Williamsport, and essay by Rev. Kunkle, of Milton.

Tuesday evening at the missionary service addresses were delivered by Bishop Ethelbert Talbot, of South Bethlehem, and other clergymen. The sessions close Wednesday.

The following rectors are in attendance; Rev. Lewis Nichols, Lock Haven; Revs. Dr. Foley, E. Eckel, W. H. Butts and William Diggles, of Williamsport; Rev. Charles Morrison, Sunbury; Rev. Mr. Wright, Danville: Rev. M. Skottowe, Lawrenceville; Rev. N. Howser, Blossburg; Rev. McKnight, Troy; Rev. Kirkly, Bloomsburg; Archdeacon Heaks, Wellsboro; Rev. Brandt, Laporte; Dr. Clerc, Philipsburg and Rev. George Brown, Bellefonte.

—The annual diocesan conference of the Episcopal church of Central Pennsylvania held its sessions last week in Pottsville. The principal business before the conference this year was the election of deputies to the general convention of the American Episcopal church, which meets in San Francisco next October.

—Bishop Charles H. Fowler of the Methodist church gave a ten minutes address to the Legislature during Tuesday evening's session.

REVISION CARRIES.

Great Question Disposed of by Presbyterian General Assembly.

ENDING OF FOUR DAYS' DEBATE

Majority Report of the Special Committee Carried by 640 Voices Responding "Aye" When the Question Was Put.

NEXT MEETING PLACE NEW YORK

PHILADELPHIA, May28.—By a unanimous vote the Presbyterian general assembly yesterday adopted the report of the special committee on the revision of the Confession of Faith. The debate on this important question had extended into the fourth day and Rev. Dr. James D. Moffat is due the credit of having brought the commissioners to such a harmonious conclusion. When recommendation B, was on Saturday adopted by a comparatively small majority Dr. Moffat announced that in view of the divergency of opinion he offered an amendment which he hoped would meet the approval of the general assembly. When he presented this amendment yesterday it was instantly accepted by the commissioners and the adoption of the report as a whole followed with but little delay.

A viva voce vote was taken and when 640 yeas responded to question the commissioners arose and sang "Praise God from Whom All Blessings Flow," which was followed by a prayer of thanks given by Moderator Minton.

The majority report as finally adopted reads as follows:

"(A)—We recommend that a committee as provided for by the form of government, chapter xxiii, section 3, be appointed by this assembly.

"(B)—We recommend that this committee be instructed to prepare and submit to the next general assembly for such disposition as may be judged to be wise, a brief statement of the reformed faith, expressed as fully as possible in untechnical terms. The said statement to be prepared with a view to its being employed to give information and a better understanding of our doctrinal beliefs, and not with a view to its becoming a substitute for or alternative of our confession of faith.

"(C)—We further recommend that this committee be instructed to prepare amendments of chapter 3; chapter 10, section 3; chapter 16, section 7; chapter 23, section 3, and chapter 25, section 6, of our Confession of Faith, either by modification of that text or by declaratory statement, so as to more clearly express the mind of the church, with additional statements concerning the love of God for all men, missions and the holy spirit, it being understood that the revisions shall in no way impair the integrity of the system of doctrine set forth in our confession and taught in the Holy Scripture."

Section B of the above took the place of the following section of the original majority report:

"D—We recommend that this committee be instructed to prepare a brief summary of the reformed faith, bearing the same relation to the confession which the shorter Catechism bears to the larger Catechism, and formed on the general model of the consensus creed prepared for the assembly of 1892, or the 'articles of faith of the Presbyterian church of England,' both of which documents are appended to the committee's report and submitted to the assembly to be referred to the committee that may be appointed.

"This summary is not to be substituted for the confession, and is not to affect the terms of the subscription, but 'to vindicate and clear the doctrines of their church from all false aspersions and misconceptions," to give a better understanding of what is most surely believed among us, and is no sense to impair, but rather to manifest and maintain the integrity of the Reformed church."

New York was selected as the meeting place for the next general assembly.

Died at Pine Grove Mills.

Clara, wife of John Witmer, of Pine Grove Mills, died Saturday morning at 6 o'clock at her home at Pine Grove Mills after a ten days' illness from blood poisoning. She was born in Spring township and was about 42 years of age. She was the mother of 13 children, 10 of whom are living.

She had a large circle of friends and relatives and her sad death has cast a gloom over the community in which she lived.

The funeral took place Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment in the new cemetery at Pine Grove Mills.

RUNAWAY HORSES.

Cool Themselves Off in the [illegible]k After a Wild Run.

Saturday afternoon Samuel Krebs was driving two horses to his home in the east end of Nittany Valley, when about a mile and a half this side of Mill Hall, the horses frightened at a trolley car, and dashed up the road. The bit broke in one of the horse's mouths which caused the driver to lose control of the animals. The horses turned into the road leading to Beech Creek, where they broke loose from the buggy. The animals then jumped over the abutment into the creek and swam down the stream about a quarter of a mile where they were caught. The occupants of the buggy were not injured and the animals were not hurt. The harness was somewhat torn.

Department Encampment.

An order has just been published from G. A. R. headquarters of the State referring to the thirty-fifth annual encampment which will be held at Gettysburg, the week of June 3d to 8th. Department headquarters will be established at the Eagle hotel, on Tuesday, June 4th, at 3 o'clock p. m., where post commanders will report promptly with credentials. The sessions of the encampment will begin Wednesday, June 5th, and will be held at the Brua Memorial hall, in the college ground. The trunk line association has fixed railroad rates at one fare for the round trip, from all points in Pennsylvania. Tickets to be sold and to be good June 1st to 4th, returning to June 10th. No card-orders required; ask for "Grand Army roundtrip ticket to Gettysburg.

Comrades and Posts not yet supplied with quarters should write at once to Jacob Kitzmiller, Gettysburg, Pa., stating how many want accomodations, and whether at hotels, boarding houses, or with private families. Rooms, with board, can be had from $1.00 to $300 per day. Camp-fires and reunions will be held at Post No. 9's headquarters, Xavier hall, the court house, and other suitable places. Memorial and song services will be held under the direction of Department Comrade Sayers, at the National cemetery. The children and faculty of the Soldiers' orphans school, at Scotland, with its two brass bands, one of the boys and the other of girls, will visit Gettysburg during the encampment. The following standing resolution is repeated for the guidance of members of the encampment: "At Encampments, all Representatives shall wear the prescribed uniform of the Department of Pennsylvania."

Change in Schedule on B. E. V. R. R.

May 26, 1901, the spring change in train service on the Penna. R. R., took effect. The only change at Bellefonte is in train No. 52, formerly arriving at 1:42 p. m., now arrives at 1:20 p. m., due at Lock Haven at 2:17 p. m., making connection with P. & E., train No. 15, for Buffalo arriving at Buffalo at 7:40 p. m. A Sunday service on Tyrone and Clearfield Branch has been established. Train No. 4 leaves Tyrone daily at 7:20 p. m., arriving at Curwensville at 9:25 p. m. Train No. 7 leaves Curwensville Mondays only at 4:35 a. m., arriving at Tyrone at 6:35 a. m. This change gives through Sunday service from Bellefonte to Tyrone and Clearfield points. Also gives Philipsburg and Clearfield territory train service Mondays early to B. E. V. R. R., points.

Shocked by Lightning.

Farmer Isaiah Blakeman and his son, of near Canton, Bradford county, were rendered unconscious by a lightning stroke Friday evening. The team with which they were working in a field was killed. The accident happened at 5 o'clock and it was 9 o'clock before Mr. Blakeman and his boy were resuscitated. They were engaged at harrowing when the storm arose and had turned to drive to shelter when a bolt of lightning knocked Blakeman, the boy and the team prostrate. It was thought at first that both father and son were dead.

—As a proof of how land values increase in New York city a grandson of Gouveneur Morris, a signer of the Declaration of Independence, has just bought back for $70,000 a piece of land sold by his father in 1852 for $125.

—Col. Henry C. Demming, of Harrisburg commander of Post No. 58, G. A. R. of that city, is being strongly boomed for the distinguished honor of Department Commander to be elected at the next annual state reunion at Gettysburg next month.

—Saturday while the men were working in the woodland of Ricker brothers, east end of Nittany Valley, they fed a hollow piece of wood to the circular saw. When the pieces dropped the men saw that a large blacksnake had been cut in two.

HEAD-ON COLLISION.

Two Electric Cars Which Were Racing on a Switch.

MET EACH OTHER AT A CURVE.

Crashing Into Each Other Both Were Practically Reduced to Splinters Five Persons Killed and Many Were Injured.

BOTH THE MOTORMEN ARE DEAD

ALBANY, N. Y., May 27.—Electric cars, racing for a switch while running in opposite directions at the rate of 40 miles an hour, cost 5 lives yesterday afternoon by a terrific collision in which over forty prominent people were injured, some fatally and others seriously.

The scene of the accident was a point about 2 miles out of Greenbush, on the line of the Albany and Hudson railway. The point where the cars met on the single track was at a sharp curve, and so fast were both running and so sudden was the collision that the motormen never had time to put on the brakes before the south bound car had gone almost through the north bound car and hung on the edge of a high cliff with its load of shrieking humanity. One motorman was pinioned up against the smashed front of the south bound car with both legs severed and killed instantly. The other one lived but a few minutes.

Fully 120 men, women and children formed a struggling, shrieking pyramid, mixed with blood, detached portions of human bodies and the wreckage of the cars.

Some of the more slightly injured of the men extricated themselves and began to pull people out of the rear ends of the two cars and almost every one was taken out in this way and nearly all were badly injured. The few women and children who had escaped injury and death were hysterical and added their cries to the shrieks of the dying and mutilated. Men with broken arms and bones, dislocated joints and bloody heads and faces tried to assist others who were helpless. Help had been summoned from East Greenbush and vicinity and in a little time the bruised mass of humanity, with the mutilated dead for a gruesome and silent company, were loaded on extra cars and taken to Albany.

There ambulances and physicians have been summoned and the postoffice was turned into a morgue and hospital. As fast as the physicians could temporarily fix up the wounded they were taken to their homes or to the hospitals.

With both motormen killed, it was hard to get at the real cause of the accident, but it is pretty well determined that it was caused by an attempt of the south bound car to reach a second switch instead of waiting for the north bound at the first siding. The cars weigh fifteen tons each and are the largest electric cars built, but so frightful was the crash that both cars were torn almost to splinters. Both cars were filled with Sunday pleasure seekers, returning from the New Recreation grounds that the railway had just opened. The south bound car left Albany at 4:30 o'clock and the accident occurred at 5 o'clock. The motorman of the south bound car reached one of the switches, but seeing no north bound car, decided to take chances and go on to the next siding. It was at a curve between that the two cars met.

—According to foreign newspapers recent experiments by railway officials at Berne, Switzerland, with an automatic ticket machine operated on the nickel-in-the-slot principle, have been satisfactory. The machine is similiar to the ordinary automatic machines, but the glass cases contain the tickets, on which are printed the names of stations and the price of the ticket. By dropping in the right amount and pulling a handle the ticket is set free. The machinery is so well constructed that an insufficient sum or counterfeit coin will not work the spring. The Swiss railway companies will use the new system during the summer months. A somewhat similiar system is said to exist in the south of Germany and has proved a success.

—Curwensville is mourning the loss of one of that town's most estimable ladies in the death of Mrs. William H. Thomas which occurred on Wednesday, and whose funeral took place Friday afternoon. She was aged about 46 years. Besides her husband she leaves eight children.

—The Forty-seventh is the only volunteer regiment left in the Philippines, and it will soon be marching homeward.

Land and Sea Serpents.

The fellow with a penchant for sighting sea serpents is again at the front. He is eligible for the gold cure.

According to the veracious Buffalo News the first sea serpent of the season has been seen at Penobscot bay. Additional veracity is lent to the statement by the fact that the mariner who beheld the monster is named Drinkwater.

C. L. Kinsey, of Ligoneir township, while out fishing killed a rattlesnake three and one-half feet in length and of great thickness. The reptile had only 5 rattles, having lost part of that extremity, and therefore its age could not be told. Mr. Kinsey stated that although it was ready for fight when killed, it did not give the usual war signal by rattling.

The river division of the Pennsylvania railroad furnishes the best snake story so far this season. On last Friday when the freight train took the siding at St. Georges Conductor Piney Welsh and Brakeman Nellis captured a blacksnake which was brought into the caboose, laid out straight and the tape showed it to be a few inches longer than 7 feet. Terror or good sense caused the snake to make no resistance, and it was handled by the men with as much ease as a piece of rope, the snake not even making a hiss of protest. After trying some time to tease it into resistance the railroad boys found they were too soft-hearted to injure anything so harmless, and took it out and laid it on a car of slack near the caboose. The snake raised its head took in the surroundings and then glided from the car, going up the side hill and out of sight with the speed of a race horse. The story is fully vouched for.—Oil City Derrick.

Reunion of the Survivors of the 93d Pa. Vols.

Arrangements are being perfected for a reunion of the Survivors of the 93d Penn'a Volunteers, at Lebanon, Pa., on Wednesday, June 19th, 1901, at 10 o'clock a. m., and it is hoped that many may be present on the occasion.

The Pennsylvania Division of the Sons of Veterans will be in session during that week, and this will give an opportunity to be present at a comparatively small expense, as very low rates of railroad fare are assured.

The parade of the Sons of Veterans will take place on the 19th, and the veteran can see for himself what he looked like in the stormy days of '61 to '65.

Lieut. Col. D. C. KELLER, President.
Lieut. E. C. EGSTON, Secretary.
GEO. H. UHLER, Cor. Sec'y, Lebanon, Pa.

A Pioneer Lumberman Dead.

Edgar Munson, the pioneer Lumberman and veteran capitalist, died Sunday at his home in Williamsport, of old age. Mr. Munson was born at Greenfield, Saratoga county, N. Y., April 21, 1820, was a descendant of the first settlers of New England. At the time of his death he was the oldest lumberman in Williamsport.

He was one of the organizers and first president of the Western Branch Lumbermen's exchange, and held the same office for a number of years in the West Branch Lumber Co., operating one of the freight lines on the Penna. railroad, and was the first president of the Syracuse, Geneva & Corning railroad. He left a wife and two sons.

Spiritual Adviser for a Murderer.

Rev. H. A. Benfer, formerly of Lock Haven, but now of Carlisle, has been appointed by the Cumberland county court, the spiritual adviser of Martin Luther Fry, who is under sentence of death for the killing of his brother-in-law Collins Fry on Thursday professed conversion and was baptized in jail by the reverend gentleman.

Bought a Whole Town.

For $250,000 the Babcock Lumber company, composed of Pittsburgers, has purchased the entire town of Arrow, Somerset county. The purchase includes a sawmill, five miles of railroad with locomotive and cars, 70,000,000 feet of lumber, sixty houses, stores, postoffice, church, schoolhouse, etc:

—A. W. Stephens, a miner of Arona, Westmoreland county, has fallen heir to a fortune of from $50,000 to $100,000. His uncle, Samuel Stephens, a banker of San Francisco, Cal., who went west in the fifties, died recently without making a will. He left no direct heirs, and Mr. Stephens, of Arona, is the only living nephew.

—It is said that the Bank of England now has an invisible photographic studio in the gallery back of the cashiers, so that at a given signal from one of them a snap shot can be taken of any suspected customer.

Additional Locals.

—Mrs. Louis Lounsbury entertained the Sunday School Board of the Methodist church at her home Friday evening.

—The greatest skin specialist in America originated the formula for Banner Salve. For all skin diseases, all cuts or sores, and for piles, it's the most healing medicines. Beware of substitutes. All Druggists.

—The top of Nittany mountain presents an unusually fine view. The wheat fields and hay fields look more promising today from the mountain top than they have for several years.

—If you are sick all over, and don't know just what ails you, it's ten to one your kidneys are out of order. Foley's Kidney Cure will bring you health and energy. All Druggists.

—J. S, Houseman, of Colyer, Tuesday took his daughter, Miss Blanche, to a Philadelphia hospital. The young lady has been suffering some few years with a complaint of a delicate nature, and relief for this is sought on this journey.

—Miss. Mamie Smith, Middlesboro, Ky., Writes: "My little sister had the croup very bad. I gave her several doses of Foley's Honey and Tar and she was instantly relieved. It saved her life." All Druggists'

—The Ministerial, Sunday school and K. L. C. E. conventions of Centre district of the United Evangelical church met in Lewistown last week. Rev. Brown, of Bellefonte; Rev. Buck, D. L. Zerby and J. P. Condo, of Millheim; and Mary Eby and J. C. F. Motz, of Woodward, were in attendance.

—"I had a running sore on my breast for over a year," says Henry R. Richards of Willseyville, N. Y., 'and tried a great many remedies, but got no relief until I used Banner Salve. After using one-half box, I was perfectly cured. I cannot recommend it too highly." All Druggists.

—The members of the Evangelical church at Tusseyville will observe Childrens' Day June 16. This particular congregation takes great pains in getting up good services on such occasions, and those who are fortunate enough to hear the program rendered will no doubt be well repaid in many ways.

—Mr. F. D. Arnold, Ia., writes. He was troubled with kidney disease about three years. Had to get up several times during the night but three bottles of Foley's Kidney Cure effected a complete cure, he feels better than he ever did and recommends it to his friends. All Druggists.

—The young cub recently captured by Dr. Eisenhardt at Madisonburg seems to think he has rights of his own. He now weighs nearly twenty pounds, eats everything he gets near and fights anything that comes his way. One day recently he got the doctor's finger in his mouth and lacerated it badly.

—Thomas Maple, Birkbeck, Ill., writes: "I had a very bad case of kidney trouble and my back pained me so I could not straighten up. The doctor's treatment did me no good. Saw Foley's Kidney Cure advertised and took one bottle which cured me and I have not been affected since. I gladly recommend this remedy." All Druggists.

—Mr. Kaler, section boss at Coburn, met recently with his third accident during the past year. In an attempt to stop with a bar a rapidly moving truck on which he was seated he was knocked off the truck onto the railroad track. The truck passed over his chest, badly bruising his body and face. The injuries are not serious but painful.

—Geo. C. Hickock, Curtiss, Wis., says: "Foley's Kidney Cure has been tested and found to be all you claim for it. I have given it to my father and it is the only thing that ever helped him." All Druggists.

—Elkanah M. Duck, son of M. B. Duck, of near Spring Mills, won first honors in the class of 1901 at Union Seminary, New York city, which entitles him to two years further study in one of the universities of Berlin, Germany. Mr. Duck will start for Germany about July 17. He was also winner of the Latin prize when he graduated from Pennsylvania college at Gettysburg, four years ago.

—J. I. Higbee, of Watsontown, with two assistants, H. Kelm, of Watsontown, and I. M. Higbee, of Lewisburg, were in Millheim last week taking measurements and making calculations on the cost of a water system in that place. Mr. Higbee is willing to put in the plant himself, or to put it in in company with local stockholders. His proposal, with the statistics, was considered at a special meeting of council held Monday evening.

—At Eleventh avenue and Eighteenth street in the city of Altoona there is a somewhat abrupt slope on the surface of the avenue and considerable of a bank at the side of the roadway as well. Wednesday a countryman was driving a horse attached to a wagon down the hill with a beef steer tied to the rear end of the wagon, and at a convenient point to make a mess of things and provide a good item for the newspaper reporter the bovine pulling backward dumped himself, wagon, horse and man all over the embankment, then tearing himself loose from the rig skedaddled for the home he had been taken away from early in the morning.

PRESBYTERIANS BUSY.

Many Reports Occupied the Attention of General Assembly.

CHINESE TROUBLES TOUCHED UPON

Creed Revision is Shown to be the Leading Subject in the Minds of the Commissioners—Several Referred to It.

ADDRESS BY ROBERT E. SPEER.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—That creed revision is the leading issue of the Presbyterian general assembly was strongly evidenced during yesterday's sessions when almost every speaker took occasion to mention the subject during the course of his address. Shortly before adjournment Rev. Dr. Richard S. Holmes, of Pittsburg startled the commissioners by launching into a discussion of the question, but when he stopped long enough to announce that he was simply leading up to a point in connection with his appeal for assistance in removing the mortgage from the New York Presbyterian building, no objection was offered.

The committee on church polity presented a report containing numerous decisions on overtures submitted by various presbyteries. A factional disturbance in the Church of the Covenant at Williamsport, which had been referred to the judicial committee, was ordered tried according to the provisions of the book of discipline.

In a stirring address Robert E. Speer, of New York, secretary of the board of foreign missions, defended the missionaries against the "malignant and venomous criticism," which he said they had suffered since the Boxer uprising in China. Several foreign missionaries made brief addresses while the report of the committee on foreign missions was under consideration.

PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—The report of the committee on publication and Sabbath school work, read at the afternoon session, showed the net profits for the year to be $23.881. In discussing the report Rev. D. K. Freeman, D. D., of Huntingdon, Pa., said the publication board was not properly supported by the Sunday schools and church organizations. He thought the profits should amount to at least $100,000.

Rev. Richard S. Holmes, D. D, of Pittsburg, appeared before the committee with an appeal in behalf of the Presbyterian building in New York, which is burdened with a debt of $1,129,000. Dr. Holmes said his purpose was to raise $350.000 towards removing the mortgage on the property. The speaker surprised the assembly by dwelling on the revision question, and a point of order was raised but not pressed. Then Dr. Holmes said he was bringing up a point in connection with his object. He said: "The church is united on the principle underlying the foundation of the Presbyterian faith. It is a question of interest, of how we are going to express our belief. The revision of the confession of faith is a question not of principle, but of interest. But the Presbyterian building in New York is a question of both principle and interest."

Dr. Holmes made an earnest appeal for aid, and at the conclusion of his address the assembly adopted a resolution approving the movement and instructing the executive committee to co-operate with Dr. Holmes. During the afternoon the report of the committee on systematic beneficence was presented by Rev. Dr. William R. Richards, of Plainfield, N. J.

Town of El Paso.

During President McKinley's visit to El Paso, Texas, a sign was displayed claiming that it was the largest city in the largest county in the largest congressional district in the largest state in the union. The president, in his response to the address of welcome, further complimented it as the cosmopolitan city. Certainly, in considering its claims to these distinctions, the casual reader will be surprised at the facts presented to sustain them. It is the nearest city in America to a foreign frontier, the cities and towns along our northern border being separated from Canada by the lakes and the St. Lawrence. But El Paso has only the narrow Rio Grande, 1,000 miles from its mouth, as the boundary between it and the Mexican city of Juares on its other bank.

The county of the same name in which El Paso lies is larger than any state in New England except Maine, while the congressional district in which it lies, comprising eighty counties, is larger than New York and New England combined. As to the state, it has six times the area of New York and is larger than France by 70,000 square miles. From El Paso to the eastern boundary of Texas it is over 800 miles by rail in a direct course. Westward to the Pacific it is about the same distance. At no point from Washington to Los Angeles, it is said, were the presidential party more impressed than at this unique city.—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Foley's Honey and Tar for children, safe, sure. No opiates. All druggists.

FOR THE SHOPS.

Officials at Oak Grove Selecting the Sites.

This week superintendent J. B. Stewart, F. E. Herriman and other New York Central railroad officials visited Oak Grove to view the lands recently purchased at that place and to select sites for the shops.

The Philadelphia Inquirer publishes the following: President S. R. Callaway, of the New York Central, attended a special meeting of the stockholders of that company in Albany, Thursday, and voted $85,000,000 of the stock in favor of the construction of the new Beech Creek extension in Pennsylvania and its lease in perpetuity to the New York Central. There was no opposition to this project.

The coal business of the New York Central and Hudson River railroad company has developed so rapidly within the past 2 or 3 years that it was found impossible to handle it on the high grade line of the Beech Creek railroad, the grades of which run 80 feet to the mile. By the purchase of the Susquehanna and Clearfield railroad from the Pennsylvania railroad company, a line about 23 miles in length between Karthaus and Keating and the leasing of a part of that company's line from Keating to Lock Haven a distance of about 40 miles and the construction of a line about 29 miles long between Clearfield and Karthaus, the New York Central and Hudson river railroad company secures a water line between Clearfield and Williamsport, over which it expects to transport not less than one thousand cars of coal a day. The business of the Buffalo, Rochester and Pittsburg railway will be handled over this line, making a connecting line between it and the Reading at Williamsport.

Bride Ran Away.

Official red tape robbed a man of his bride Thursday says the Pittsburg Commercial Gazette. She took fright at the formalities required in the marriage license office, and, while the bridegroom was trying to secure the necessary document, she took to her heels and ran away. Of course he gave chase, but fear lent her wings and marriage by capture is not likely to follow.

The would-be bridegroom returned later, panting and exhausted. He had not caught the fugitive fair one. But he was not going to despond over the matter He told Marriage License Clerk Charles A. Gehlbach that he would return today with another girl.

Mike Fasulka of 44 Petrel street, Allegheny, and Annie Few applied for the marriage license. Both are Hungarians and could speak but little English. Clerk Gehlbach sent a man for an interpreter.

When the interpreter arrived and began asking the necessary questions, there was a flutter of flying skirts at the door and the girl, who is 21 years of age, was seen rushing out. Fasulka ran after her but was not able to overtake her.

Fasulka came back to the license office. He was afraid an officer might be sent after him if he did not come back and pay for the license.

He was told that there was no fee to pay, and went away much more reassured, telling Clerk Gehlbach, "O, well, it makes little difference. I will be in tomorrow with another girl and take out another license!"

Severe Hail Storm.

Butler, Pa., May 25.—The heaviest hail storm known to the oldest inhabitant of the place passed over Chicora, twelve miles from here, Friday afternoon, doing an immense amount of damage to growing crops, fruit trees and buildings. The ground was covered with hail stones, many of them the size of walnuts, and after the storm the citizens of the town swept up a pile on the main street, two feet and a half high, placed a flag on top of it and then took a photograph of the display. The plate glass windows in the Forquer House and in the Central hotel were smashed and many of the dwelling house windows badly damaged. So far as heard from there has been no lives lost in the storm, but the damage to property and crops by the hail and wind will be large.

—Putting food into a diseased stomach is like putting money into a pocket with holes. The money is lost. All its value goes for nothing. When the stomach is diseased, with the allied organs of digestion and nutrition, the food which is put into it is largely lost. The nutriment is not extracted from it. The body is weak and the blood impoverished.

The pocket can be mended. The stomach can be cured. That sterling medicine for the stomach and blood, Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, acts with peculiar promptness and power on the organs of digestion and nutrition. It is a positive cure for almost all disorders of these organs, and cures also such diseases of the heart, blood, liver and other organs, as have their cause in a weak or diseased condition of the stomach.

—Elmer Moore brutally abused his wife and three children Wednesday evening then drove them from their home at Altoona, nailing the doors and windows shut after their departure. Later officer Detwiler attempted to arrest Moore on a warrant sworn out by his wife, Rosa Moore, when the man fired a shot at the officer but fortunately missed his mark. Moore was finally arrested and landed in jail. He is supposed to be insane and an application will be made to the court for the appointment of a commissioner in lunacy to inquire into his mental condition.

Eczema

How it reddens the skin, itches, oozes, dries and scales!

Some people call it tetter, milk crust or salt rheum.

The suffering from it is sometimes intense; local applications are resorted to—they mitigate, but cannot cure.

It proceeds from humors inherited or acquired and persists until these have been removed.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

positively removes them, has radically and permanently cured the worst cases, and is without an equal for all cutaneous eruptions.

HOOD'S PILLS are the best cathartic. Price 25 cents

Farmers' Institutes.

The County Board of Farmers' Institute Managers will meet at the County Commissioners' office in Bellefonte, at 10:30 in the forenoon of Tuesday, June 4, to select places for the Institutes to be held this season. We are entitled to four days which will be divided into two Institutes of two days each.

Communities asking for these Institutes will be expected to furnish suitable buildings for the meetings free of charge, and if distant from the railroad, to transport the State Speakers from and to the station without cost.

The Institutes are increasing in interest and importance every year, and the ones in our county promise to be of unusual interest this year as it is understood that the gentleman who easily stands at the head of the list of Institute Managers in the State is to have charge of the section of which Centre county is a part.

Localities desiring these meetings should send a committee to meet the board on June 4, or if this cannot be done, address a letter to

JOHN A. WOODWARD,
Chairman Board of Institute Mgr's,
Howard, Pa.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believed him perfectly honorable in all business transactions, and financially able to carry out any obligation made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Society Girls are Parasites.

Prof. J. Scott Clark, speaking Friday to his class in English literature at Northwestern University, at Chicago, said the merits of present day women in no way equalled those of women in the day of his mother and grandmother. His remarks were directed against the society girl.

"The society girl is a parasite," said Professor Clark. "She lives on her father and in return she gives him nothing. She is of no benefit to the world, and there is no need of our keeping such a weight with us."

Continuing, he told of the failures which society women make as managers of a household, and said they were unable to fill the domestic requirements to make home an abode of comfort.

"They toil not, neither do they spin, yet Solomon in all his glory was not arrayed like one of these," said the professor. "And the young man who seeks a society girl for a wife is on the wrong track. May God help him who marries one of them, for he is placing a millstone around his neck."

Fought For His Life.

"My father and sister both died of Consumption," writes J. T. Weatherwax, of Wyandotte, Mich., "and I was saved from the same frightful fate only by Dr. King's New Discovery. An attack of Pneumonia left an obstinate cough and very severe lung trouble, which an excellent doctor could not help, but a few months' use of this wonderful medicine made me as well as ever and I gained much in weight." Infallible for Coughs, Colds and all Throat and Lung trouble. Trial bottles free. Guaranteed Bottles 50c and $1.00 at. F. Potts Green drug store.

Lived With His Two Wives.

John Vasilko was arrested at his home at Crenshaw, near Clearfield, Thursday, upon a charge of bigamy. At the hearing before Squire Feelt it developed that Vasilko has been living with two women, to each of whom he was married.

For 6 years Vasilko has lived happily under the same roof with his wives. To the woman that the fellow first married 1 child has been born, while wife No. 2 has 2 children.

Vasilko acknowledged the true condition of affairs and for a time the Justice was at his wits' end to dispose of the case. He finally decided that Vasilko ought to live with wife No. 1, but as wife No. 2 would soon be the mother of the third child the woman was ordered to surrender one of the children to wife No. 1 and Vasilko. The latter was compelled to sign an agreement to pay wife No. 2 $10 a month for support for a period of 30 months. The parting between the women and Vasilko and wife No. 2 after the hearing was very pathetic, as the parties had become greatly attached to each other.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes kidneys and bladder right. All druggists.

IMPORTANT TELEPHONE DEAL.

Commercial Telephone Merged Into the United Telephone and Telegraph Company of Pa.

The Central Commercial Telephone Company of Central Penn'a, whose offices are located at Bellefonte, has been merged into the United Telephone and Telegraph Company of Pennsylvania, which in the past year has absorbed and now controls all the former independent companies between Altoona and Philadelphia. In the past few years independent companies were organized in all parts of the state, on the same plan as that of the "Commercial" at this place. Having the opportunity of purchasing the latest and most improved electrical appliances, they have been able to erect and conduct telephone exchanges at lower rates than customary. The stock being subscribed in small amounts in the localities also had the effect of increasing their popularity and contributed to their success.

These independent companies lacked the benefit of long distance service and that has been one drawback to the system. For that reason some of the leading capitalists in Philadelphia, Pittsburg and elsewhere organized the "United Telephone and Telegraph Company of Penn'a" to combine all these separate independent companies under one management. In this they have succeeded. Starting at Philadelphia they now have merged most all these independent companies in the central and eastern part of the state under its management, including York, Lancaster, Lebanon, Schuylkill valley, Reading, Harrisburg, Northumberland, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lewistown, Clearfield, Altoona and others. Thus it will be seen that this new combination had completely surrounded the field of the Commercial Company.

After careful deliberation, of the principal stockholders of the Commercial people, they concluded that it would be to their advantage financially and the securing of a better and more extended service for their patrons to merge with this combination, as the others have done. In fact, a majority of the stockholders of the Commercial gave their prior consent to this change before negotiations were begun.

There is a large number of stock-holders of the Commercial who hold a few shares and these are being notified that they can exchange their holding for either new stock or 5 per cent. bonds, or if they desire to dispose will be paid par value for their shares. This certainly is a very flattering proposition and will prove satisfactory to all.

The effect of this change will be to give long distance service. It is also claimed that the local service will be generally improved and that the popular low rates will be continued. The Bellefonte exchange is now installing a larger switchboard to handle the increase in their district. Lock Haven and Williamsport are also rapidly increasing. Philipsburg and Clearfield will soon be in the new system.

Fire Bugs Arrested.

Recently County Detective Joseph W. Rightnour captured two of the fellows who are alleged to have been guilty of causing certain mountain fires which have done inestimable damage to our forests. It is the first case on record under the new law and detective Rightnour is naturally proud of his work. The commissioners have exerted every effort to apprehend the culprits and on Tuesday Mr. Rightnour, assisted by constable Lucas, of Snow Shoe, arrested Wm. Chatham and Jacob McCloskey, both of Curtin township, and lodged them in jail. The authorities claim they have one of the parties dead to rights and the other as an accessory to the crime.

Odd Fellows.

The seventy-ninth annual session of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows, convened Tuesday at Gettysburg with more than a thousand delegates in attendance.

The report of the grand secretary showed 9,171 initiations during the year, a net increase of 3,148. The present membership is 110,132 and there are 29,724 past grands in the state. The relief report showed 15,489 members relieved. The sum expended for various items of relief was $608,654.44. The receipts of subordinate lodges were $1,132,154; the assets, $4,003,986 and the increase $88,000. During the past thirty-three years the lodges of Pennsylvania have distributed relief $14,487,065.60. There are 1,085 working lodges; seven were surrendered and five were instituted.

Joseph A Mackey, of Williamsport, was elected grand secretary, to succeed the late James B. Nicholson. His strongest competitor was Harry L. Neal, of Philadelphia.

The Farmers are Pleased.

The farmers state that no spring in years has been so favorable to the grain and fruit crops as this year. The only planting that was a little backward was the corn, and that was only a few days late. In all other respects the weather has been favorable. No biting frosts have injured the fruit; there has been no hail in this county to do any damage and the rains have fallen at the most opportune intervals. The wheat is very promising. Altogether the farmer is as well pleased with the outlook, so far, as he well can be.

—Miss Mary Cruse is ill with diphtheria at her home on East Linn street.

Use It Daily.

Our brush should be used daily in place of the ordinary hair brush, hair washes, or hair growers. If you do not find, after six months' trial, that

Dr. Scott's
ELECTRIC
Hair Brush

will do all we claim for it send it back and your money will be refunded. You can buy the number one size for

One Dollar.

It Is Guaranteed to Cure
Nervous Headache in five minutes!
Bilious Headache in five minutes!
Neuralgia in five minutes!
Dandruff and diseases of the scalp!
Prevents falling hair and baldness!
Makes the hair long and glossy!

For sale at Dry Goods stores and Druggists

or sent on approval, postpaid, on receipt of price and ten cents for postage.

Our book, "THE DOCTOR'S STORY" sent free on request, gives full information concerning Dr. Scott's Electric Belts, $3., $5., and $10. Electric Corsets, $1., $1.50, $1.50, $2., and $3. Electric Flesh Brushes, $2. Electric Safety Razors, $2. Electric Plasters, 25 cts. Electric Insoles, 50 cts. Elastic Trusses, $3.

GEO. A. SCOTT, 842 Broadway, N. Y.

Rats Stole Watches.

During six weeks rats have carried off jewelry valued at $1,500 from the show windows of a street, Chicago, jewelry store. Monday morning nearly all of the stuff stolen, gold watches, chains, rings and pins, were recovered.

A man sauntering along the street Sunday night glanced into the big shop windows as he passed. He saw a gold watch moving along as if alive. He looked closer, and saw a big rat had the ring in its teeth and that another rat was pulling the first one by the tail. The man watched until the little animals and the timepiece disappeared in a dark corner. Monday morning workmen tore up the floor under the show windows and found in a nest of rags several little rats and a lot of jewelry. Further search revealed more missing property strewn between the first floor and basement ceiling.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Lewis Furey Home.

Lewis Furey, of Lock Haven, who has been with the Tenth regiment in Cuba for two years and a half, arrived home Thursday. Lewis had been on detached duty for some time. He had several months yet to serve, but received an honorable discharge through the influence of Senator Heinle.

Itching Scalp.

Scald Head and the Most Violent Forms of Eczema and Salt Rheum Promptly and Thoroughly Cured by Dr. Chase's Ointment.

Among small children, scald head and similar itching skin diseases are most prevalent, and the worst feature is that these ailments, which are apparently trivial at first, almost invariably develop into chronic eczema if neglected.

There is but one treatment that physicians are unanimous in recommending for scald heads and eczema, and that is Dr. Chase's Ointment, the great antiseptic healer. It promptly stops the distressing itching which accompanies these diseases and positively produces a thorough and complete cure.

Scores and thousands of men and women stand ready to vouch for the merits of Dr. Chase's Ointment. It has brought about some of the most marvelous cures ever recorded. In justice to yourself and family, you cannot do without it in your home.

Mr. J. H. Grant, 716 Joseph Campan avenue, Detroit, Mich., writes:

"For three years I have been troubled by an intense itching on my body. So terrible was it at times that I could get no rest night or day. I tried all kinds of ointments and blood purifiers, but could get no relief. Mr. H. A. Nicolai of 379 Division street recommended Dr. Chase's Ointment. A few applications stopped the itching and I have felt nothing since."

Baby Eczema.

Mr. F. S. Rose of 133 Sixteenth street, Buffalo, N. Y., writes:

"Our baby boy suffered for some time with that wretched eczema, and we were unable to find anything to cure or even relieve his pain. A few applications of Dr. A. W. Chase's Ointment stopped the itching and healed the sores, and a bright, natural skin now takes their place."

Dr. Chase's Ointment does not cause pain when applied, but soothes the sore or inflamed surface. 50 cents at all dealers, or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

—James A. Croyle, of Snake Spring township, Bedford county, was in Bedford recently to lift his commission as justice of the peace. 'Squire Croyle has already served in this capacity for 10 years. During that time he has returned but two cases, and they were settled before they came to trial,

Railroad Guide.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R. AND BRANCHES
Schedule in effect Nov. 26, 1900.

Via Tyrone—Westward.
Le ve Bellefonte 9.53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11,10 a m, at Altoona 1 p m, at Pittsburg 5.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.05 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2.15 p m, at Altoona 3.10 p m at Pittsburg 6.55 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Altoona 7.35 p m, at Pittsburg 11 30 p m

Via Tyrone—Eastward,
Leave Bellefonte 9,53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11,10, at Harrisburg 2.40 p m, at Philadelphia 5,47 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.45 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2,15 p m, at Harrisburg 6.45 p m, at Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 4.44 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6.00 p m, at Harrisburg 10 p m

Via Lock Haven—Northward.
Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2 43 p m, at Williamsport 3.50 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m

Via Lock Haven—Eastward.
Leave Bellefonte 9.32 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10.30 a m, leave Williamsport 12 40 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.15 p m, at Philadelphia at 6.23 p m
Leave Bellefonte 1.42 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 2.43 p m, arrive at Williamsport 3.50 p m, leave 4.00 p m, arrive at Harrisburg 5.55 p m, Philadelphia 10.20 p m
Leave Bellefonte 8.31 p m, arrive at Lock Haven 9.30 p m, leave Williamsport 1.05 a m, arrive at Harrisburg 3.55 a m, arrive at Philadelphia 6.52 a m

Via Lewisburg.
Leave Bellefonte at 6.40 a m, arrive at Lewisburg at 9.05 a m, Montandon 9.15 a m, Harrisburg 11.30 a m, Philadelphia 3.17 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 2,15 p m, arrive at Lewisburg 4.47, at Harrisburg 6.55 p m, Philadelphia at 10.20 p m

For full information time tables, maps, fare, &c., call on Ticket Agents, or address Thos. E. Watt, Pass. Agent Western District, No. 360 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg.
J. R. WOOD, Gen. Pass. Agt.
J. B. HUTCHENSON, General Manager.

TYRONE AND CLEARFIELD RAILROAD.
Time table in effect Nov. 26, 1900

NORTHWARD. EXPRESS	NORTHWARD. DAY EXPRESS.	NORTHWARD. MAIL.	STATIONS.	SOUTHWARD EXPRESS.	SOUTHWARD DAY EXPRESS.	SOUTHWARD MAIL.
P M	P M	A M	Lv Ar	P M	A M	P M
7 20	3 30	8 20	..... Tyrone	8 55	11 20	6 10
7 26	3 36	8 26	...East Ty ro..	8 49	11 14	6 04
7 28		8 28	.....Tyrone S.....		11 12	6 02
7 31	3 40	8 31	..... Vail	8 45	11 09	5 59
7 41	3 51	8 42	....Vanscoyoc....	8 38	11 02	5 52
7 45	3 55	8 47	.....Gardner	8 35	10 59	5 48
7 54	4 05	8 57	...Mt. Pleasant..	8 27	10 51	5 39
8 00	4 12	9 05	..... Summit	8 20	10 44	5 32
8 04	4 16	9 09	...Sandy Ridge..	8 14	10 38	5 27
8 08	4 18	9 11	.....Retort	8 11	10 35	5 21
8 07	4 20	9 12	.... Powelton	8 09	10 33	5 19
8 15	4 30	9 19	..... Osceola	7 59	10 23	5 08
		9 26	Osceola Junct		10 20	5 04
8 19	4 34	9 29	.... Boynton	7 55	10 17	5 01
8 23	4 38	9 32	.... Steiners	7 51	10 13	4 57
8 26	4 41	9 40	....Philipsburg...	7 50	10 12	4 56
8 31	4 57	9 45	.....Graham	7 46	10 07	4 51
8 36	5 02	9 50	.... Blue Ball....	7 41	10 02	4 46
8 42	5 08	9 56	....Wallaceton...	7 36	9 56	4 39
8 47	5 14	10 02	.....Bigler	7 31	9 50	4 33
8 53	5 20	10 08	.....Woodland.....	7 25	9 45	4 27
8 56	5 22	10 11	Mineral Spr'gs	7 23	9 42	4 25
9 00	5 26	10 15	..... Barrett	7 21	9 40	4 20
9 05	5 30	10 22	.....Leonard.....	7 17	9 35	4 15
9 09	5 37	10 26	.....Clearfield....	7 13	9 31	4 09
9 14	5 44	10 32	....Riverview....	7 09	9 26	4 03
9 20	5 50	10 39	Susque. Bridge	7 04	9 20	3 56
9 25	6 05	10 44	..Curwensville..	7 00	9 15	3 51
	6 11	10 50	.....Rustic.....	6 54		3 35
	6 19	10 58	.....Stronach	6 46		3 27
	6 25	11 04	.....Grampian	6 40		3 21
M	P M	P M	Ar Lv	P M	A M	P M

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD
In effect May 27, 1900.

Westward.				Eastward	
p m	a m			a m	p m
1 38	5 40	.....	Montandon.....	9 15	1 55
1 45	6 35	.....	Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 57	6 47	.....	Vicksburg	8 53	4 35
2 05	6 55	.....	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 27
2 15	7 07	.....	Millmont	8 33	4 16
2 23	7 13	.....	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	....	Paddy Mountain..	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	.....	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 87	.....	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	.....	Rising Spring.....	7 35	3 17
3 23	8 11	.....	Penns Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	...	Centre Hall.....	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	.....	Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31	.....	Linden Hall.....	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	.....	Oak Hall.....	7 06	2 43
3 50	8 39	.....	Lemont.....	7 02	2 38
3 54	8 43	.....	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 03	8 52	.....	Pleasant Gap.....	6 48	2 24
4 06	8 56	.....	Axemann.....	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	.....	Bellefonte	6 40	2 18

BALD EAGLE VALLEY—PENNSYLVANIA Railroad Division. Daily except Sunday. Schedule in effect on and after May 28, 1900.

Westward. 55	53	51		50	Eastward. 52	54
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
3 45	12 10	8 55	...Lock Haven..	10 30	2 43	9 30
3 49		9 00	... Flemington ...	10 24	2 39	9 26
3 51	12 16	9 01	.....Mill Hall.....	10 22	2 37	9 24
4 02	12 26	9 12	...Beech Creek..	10 11	2 26	9 13
4 05	12 29	9 15	....Eagleville....	10 08	2 23	9 10
4 11	12 38	9 24	.....Howard.....	9 59	2 14	9 01
4 20		9 30	..Mount Eagle..	9 53	2 08	8 55
4 25	12 48	9 34	.....Curtin.....	9 49	2 04	8 51
4 32	12 55	9 41	.....Milesburg.....	9 40	1 55	8 42
4 44	1 05	9 54	.....Bellefonte,....	9 28	1 44	8 31
4 53	1 13	10 01	....Milesburg	9 18	1 33	8 22
4 56	1 16	10 04	...Snow Shoe Int...	9 15	1 30	8 20
5 06	1 23	10 11	.....Unionville.....	9 07	1 23	8 12
5 12	1 31	10 20	.....Julian	8 58	1 14	8 23
5 21	1 39	10 28	.....Martha.....	8 49	1 05	7 54
5 28	1 45	10 36	..Port Matilda..	8 42	1 00	7 47
5 35	1 51	10 44	.....Hannah.....	8 35	12 54	7 40
5 37		10 46	....Fowler.....	8 33	12 52	7 38
5 40		10 49	..... Dix.....	8 30	12 50	7 35
5 46	2 01	10 56	...Bald Eagle...	8 24	12 44	7 29
5 50	2 05	11 00	..... Vail	8 20	12 40	7 25
5 54	2 09	11 04	...East Tyrone...	8 16	12 36	7 21
6 00	2 15	11 10	.....Tyrone.....	8 10	12 30	7 15
p m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m

Nos. 50 and 55 will run daily.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD—On and after Monday, April 3rd, 1899, trains will run as follows, leaving the P. R. R. station.

WESTWARD. College Accm.	Exp.			EASTWARD. Mail.	Exp	Belli Ac
..1†	†5	†3	Lv Ar	†2	†4	6†
a.m	p m	a m		a m	p m	p m
6 30	4 15	10 30	Bellefonte	8 50	2 40	6 4
6 35	4 21	10 37	Coleville	8 40	235	6 3
f6 38	f4 25	f10 42	Morris	f 8 37	f2 22	f6 27
f6 43	f4 28	f10 47	Whitmer	f8 35	f2 17	f6 23
f6 46	f4 33	f10 53	Hunters	f8 31	f2 10	f6 21
f6 50	f4 36	f10 56	Filmore	f8 28	f2 06	f6 18
f6 55	f4 40	f11 02	Briarly	f8 24	f2 00	f6 14
7 00	4 43	11 05	Waddle	8 20	1 55	6 10
f7 08	f4 45	f11 08	Lambourn	f8 18	f1 52	f6 07
f7 12	f4 55	f11 20	Krumrine	f8 07	f1 37	f5 52
7 25	5 00	11 15	State College	8 00	1 30	5 45
f7 27	f5 05	f11 24	Struble	f7 45	f1 34	f5 25
f7 31	f5 10		Bloomsdor (	f7 40		af5 20
7 35	5 15		Pine Grv Mills	7 35		5 15

Morning trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 3 and 5 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon Lewisburg, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna R R trains at Bellefonte for points east and west.
f stops on flag. † Daily except Sunday.
F. H. THOMAS, Sup.

SNOW SHOE BRANCH—DAILY EXCEPT Sunday—In effect July 10, 1899.

a m		STATIONS.	p m
11 26	7 27	Arrive Snow Shoe Leave	7 30
10 00	6 05	Snow Shoe Intersection	9 15
10,01	5 55	Milesburg	9 18
9 53	5 45	Leave Bellefonte Arrive	9 32

DUN'S REVIEW OF TRADE

Labor Situation is the Cloud Hanging Over Business World.

SOME SETTLEMENTS OF STRIKES

Some Houses in Chicago are Granting Demands of Machinists, but at Other Points, Employes Appear Stubborn.

WINTER WHEAT OUTLOOK GOOD

NEW YORK, May 25,—*R.* G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade today will say:

"The labor situation is the cloud hovering over the business world, but the difficulties are not sufficiently wide-spread at present to seriously interfere with the progress of manufacture and distribution. Some settlements of strikes have been effected during the week and others seem probable at an early date. Meanwhile prices hold firm, the capacity of producing plants in the leading industries is well employed and crop advices are satisfactory. A feeling of confidence in the permanence of values appears to have settled in all divisions of the iron and steel manufacture. To this may be attributed the decrease in orders for distant delivery, purchasers merely contracting for their requirements from one to two months in advance.

Tranquility regarding the future is undoubtedly due to the action of the large combine, which has made no effort to secure exorbitant prices, but manifests an intention to maintain quotations at the current level. Independent producers show a disposition to work along the same lines, and the net result is less scrambling to get orders placed, but no indication that the actual demand is any smaller.

Notwithstanding much talk of dullness in piz iron, Bessemer is firmly quoted at $16.75 delivered at Pittsburg, or $16 at Valley Furnaces. Foundry irons are some what easier. All lines of finished steel are crowded to the limit of productive capacity, and machinery houses at Chicago are granting machinists' demands rather than risk delay. At some points, however, employers appear more stubborn, and there is prospect of serious interruption to be seen.

Textile fabrics still exhibit the least animation and conditions at the Fall River cotton mills are far from encouraging.

Correspondents report the winter wheat outlook steadily improving, and there is every reason to anticipate an abundant harvest. Atlantic exports have been large for the past week, including flour, amounting to 3,692,413 bushels against 2,172,356 in the same week last year. Speculation in May corn has quieted down but the general level of this cereal continues far above the normal prices, and more liberal receipts have been attracted to interior cities. For the week 3,167,600 bushels were received against 1,695,786 last year. On the other hand foreign buying is restricted, Atlantic exports being only 1,636,899 bushels against 3,534,673 last year.

Old Soldier's Experience.

M. M. Austin, a civil war veteran, of Winchester, Ind., writes; "My wife was sick a long time in spite of good doctor's treatment, but was wholly cured by Dr. King's New Life Pills, which worked wonders for her health., They always do. Try them. Only 25c at F. Potts Green drug store.

Wedded at Renovo.

At high noon Thursday a pleasant wedding took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Humes on Eleventh street Renovo, when their daughter, Carrie Elizabeth, was united in marriage to Mr. Herbert E. Bennett, of Fort Wayne, Ind. The ceremony was performed by Rev. H. C. Pardoe, pastor of the M. E. church. They left on the afternoon train for Buffalo where they will take in the Pan-American for some days and then proceed to their home at Fort Wayne. Mr. Bennett is foreman of the machine shop of the Wabash system there.

The bride is a highly respected young lady and has a host of friends who wish her happiness and prosperity through life. She has often visited in Bellefonte and is quite well known here. The wedding was a quiet one, none but near friends being present.

What the Ex-Cadets Will Do.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The five West Point cadets dismissed Wednesday—Bowlby, Cleveland, Keller, Linton and Mehaffey—will not appeal for clemency to the war department. They have entered the service of the New York and Bermudez Alphalt company.

One of the young men will go to Venezuela and the others will be disposed of according to the engineering needs of the company.

Preached a Strong Sermon.

Rev. W. P. Shriner, of Bellefonte, preached at Trinity M. E. church, Lock Haven Thursday night. His text was from a portion of the tenth verse of the third chapter of Philippians, "That I may know him." It was a scholarly and earnest effort, showing deep thought and close observation. It was also a strong sermon, interesting and helpful to young and old.—L. H. Express.

ALL IS SELFISHNESS.

The Wise Man's Theory and How It Was Exploded.

"After all," said the wise man, "what is it but selfishness? The optimist who goes through life whistling and singing songs of cheer is not entitled to any special credit, because it is a pleasure to him to be happy. If it didn't make him glad to be happy, he wouldn't be that way. So you see selfishness lies at the bottom of his good cheer.

"Then there is the pessimist. Is he discouraged because he thinks it is his duty to mankind to paint dark pictures? Not at all. His is another clear case of selfishness. He gratifies himself by being unhappy and trying to make others so. Love, too, is selfishness. The maiden doesn't love the man to make him glad. It's her own happiness that she promotes in looking upon him as the noblest work of God. Man's love for woman has back of it the same selfish motive.

"So, too, the philanthropist's love of the world. He loves it and loves to do great things for it because it gives him a satisfaction to know that he is doing well.

"Consider it from whatever standpoint you please, and you must always arrive at the same conclusion. Everything that man does he does selfishly. It is always a case of gratifying his own inclinations. It"—

Just then the wise man turned a somersault and skinned his nose against a water plug. When he got up and looked around, with the look of one who was beginning to remember things that had long been forgotten, his pupil asked:

"Was it selfishness that impelled you to stub your toe? Did you do it because it brought a sense of gratification to your"—

"Say, you confounded idiot," the wise man replied, "you ought to have that grin photographed. It would make a good frontispiece to Darwin's works."—Chicago Herald.

GOT A SENATOR'S HAT.

Actor Crane Appropriated the Headgear of a Kansas Statesman.

Among the stories that are retailed in the cloakroom of the senate when that body is in session at Washington is one of how William H. Crane, the actor, put the finishing touches upon his great character study, "The Senator."

"As you well know," said one of the group, "Crane took his character almost directly from Senator Plumb of Kansas. Crane had just started out with 'The Senator' and had opened in Washington. We had all seen the performance and liked it immensely. But I thought I saw one defect. Crane wore a high silk hat, which was not at all, according to my thinking, in keeping with the imitation of Plumb, who always wore the characteristic broad brimmed hat of the southerner. One evening when Crane, Ingalls, Plumb and myself happened to be dining together I remarked to Crane about the matter of the high hat.

"'You really ought not to wear it, for it is not in keeping with the character,' said I. 'You ought to wear one like Plumb's.'

"Crane did not say much in answer, but when he arose from the table he reached out for Plumb's hat and calmly put it on. Leaving his own hat for Plumb, Crane went off down the street with the old felt affair jammed down over his forehead. The senator was too surprised to offer objection. The next night Crane appeared on the stage with Plumb's hat on his head and thereafter wore it at every performance."—Chicago Chronicle.

Turkish Rhubarb.

Possessing a savor all its own, we come on scores of large cases full of big, irregular blocks of a bright yellow colored root. "Rhubarb," says our guide, indicating it. "Ah! Then it comes from Turkey?" we cry joyfully, glad to display our learning for once, but our friend smiles contemptuously. "There is no such thing as Turkey rhubarb," he says, "and, what is more, there never has been." All the rhubarb of commerce hails from China, reaching us through Russia for the most part, but because in olden days it made its journey by way of Turkey it became known as Turkey rhubarb, and Turkey rhubarb it will remain because of the conservative tendencies of the British public.—Good Words.

One on the Tenant.

Landlord—I just came over to tell you that I've decided to raise your—

Tenant (interrupting) — Well, you needn't bother about it. I've decided to move.

Landlord—Oh, I merely desired to say that I had decided to raise your porch where it seems to sag there at the corner, and also to paper the bedrooms; but, of course, you will not, since you have decided to move, care to hear anything further about my plans. Good day. I hope you'll like it where you're going.—Chicago Herald.

Trouble Breeding Condition.

Robbins—Funny, but young people who seem to love one another the most devotedly are oftentimes the first people to fight after marriage.

Wren—The trouble is, you see, they endeavor to protract the "two souls with but a single thought" idea too far. Two persons with but a single thought between them cannot help hating one another sooner or later.—Boston Transcript.

Improving the Old Homestead.

Farmer Whiffletree—Since yew got back frum college yew don't seem to take no interest in the old farm.

Son — No interest, dad! Haven't I spent nearly two weeks laying out golf links?—Judge.

THE MIDWAY.

Principal Amusement Features of the Pan-American Exposition.

The Midway of the Pan-American Exposition far surpasses all amusement features at former expositions, both in quality and novelty of attractions. The following are the principal concessions:

Esquimaux Village, Glass Factory, Trip to the Moon, Aerio-Cycle, Old Plantation, Beautiful Orient, Miniature World's Fair, Around the World, Cleopatra, Colorado Gold Mine, Living Pictures, Dreamland, Moving Pictures, War Cyclorama, Philippine Village, Alt Nuremberg, Panopticon, Streets of Mexico, Darkness and Dawn, Burning Mountain, Darkest Africa, House Upside Down, Water Sports Carnival, Gypsy Camp, Golden Chariots, Johnstown Flood, Infant Incubators, Fair Japan, Bostock's Wild Animal Arena, Ideal Palace, Jerusalem on the Morning of the Crucifixion, Indian Congress, Bazaar Building, Scenic Railway, Venice in America, Dawson City and Miniature Railway.

The Mechanics' Institute at Rochester has obtained space in the Educational division of the Pan-American Exposition for an exhibit. The pictures to be placed on view are three sizes—28 by 22 inches, 22 by 14 inches and 7 by 5 inches. Room for 32 of the largest size has been given to the Institute.

It's a pity a balky horse does not realize that it is easier to pull than to take the whipping that goes with a balk.—Atchison Globe.

After all, what is pulling a man's leg but trying to make a good thing stretch as far as possible?—Philadelphia Times.

Evangelicals at Jersey Shore.

A meeting of the ministers of the Evangelical church of the Williamsport district was held at Jersey Shore, Wednesday. Rev. J. W. Dunlap, of Lock Haven, delivered an address on "How Can the Pastor Utilize the Latent Forces in the Church?" The same gentleman was also appointed chairman of the committee on resolutions.

—Ten leading business men and financiers of Johnstown on Thursday made application for a charter for a new National bank to be called the United States National bank of Johnstown, and to be capitalized at $200,000' The city already has 3 national banks, a trust company and a savings bank. Some of those connected with old banks will withdraw to embark on the new one.

Retired Naval Officer Drops Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, May 25.—Captain Henry B. Seely, aged 61 years, a retired naval officer, dropped dead on the street in West Philadelphia yesterday afternoon. Captain Seely was captain of the League Island navy yard from 1884 to 1888, and was then made commander, in which capacity he served until 1891, when he was placed in command of the United States steamer Lancaster. In June, 1892, he was placed on the retired list. He formerl lived at Delhi, N. Y.

Father and Son Soldiers.

In the cemetery at North Bend lie a father and son, both of whom were soldiers, but who served Uncle Sam in different wars. A monument, properly inscribed and dressed, will be placed on the lot.

On the one side is the inscription to John A. Greene, who was a member of Co. C, 5th Regt., in the Civil war, and who died February 2, 1901. On the other side is the inscription of Newton Greene, who was sergeant of Co. H, 13th U. S. Infantry, in the Spanish-American war, and who took part in the Santiago engagements. He died August 27, 1898, aged 25 years.

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—The farmer who is not willing to increase his crops and improve in his system of farming should not purchase pure-bred stock, as it will not pay to transfer a good animal from a luxuriant pasture to a barren farm. Good breeds demands the best of pastures and care in feeding, but they not only pay for the better treatment but also give a profit.

The Great Scourge

of modern times is consumption. Many cures and discoveries from time to time are published but Foley's Honey and Tar does truthfully claim to cure all cases in the early stages and always affords comfort and relief in the very worst cases. Take no substitutes. All Druggists.

—David Hoke, father of assistant postmaster Hoke, of Altoona, died at his home in that city Wednesday morning. He was a native of Fulton county, and was aged 74 years. He was a resident of Altoona since 1882, was a soldier in the Rebellion and had a good war record.

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WILBUR F. HARRIS.

EDITORIAL.

THERE is nothing like a new baby to reform a woman politician.

QUAY has given the word and the Legislature will adjourn June 27.

SOME people's lives certainly fall in more pleasant places than others. It is said there are over four thousand millionaires in this country and only twenty good poets.

IT must be more or less of a surprise to J. Pierpont Morgan to wake up in the morning every day and learn through the press how many things he bought the day before.

THE Washington "Post" threw an unanswerable question at the Boston "Herald" when it asked the name of the place in which the doors to society do not swing on financial hinges.

ONE of the most unique strikes on record is that of the coal miners at the Dillonville mines, in West Virginia. It was caused by the stubbornness of a mule—one of the four-footed kind.

DISCARDING the fractions, the national debts of the world are estimated at $30,000,000,000. These figures are so incomprehensible that nobody will be startled into a loss of sleep.

TOM JOHNSON, the mayor of Cleveland, is reported to have his eye on the presidency. That is a privilege every American citizen can exercise so Thomas is not enjoying an exceptional prerogative.

WEALTH certainly has no charm for the New Orleans policeman who recently refused an offer of $1,000,000 for land which he owns in the Texas oil fields. He spurned the offer and declared his intention of remaining on the police force.

THE strings attached to the report of the Cuban Constitutional convention in favor of accepting the Platt amendment are doubtless intended to extend the life of that convention. Its members wish to hang on to their $10 a day as long as possible.

WHAT is the difference between Wall street brokers and green goods men? Neither takes any advantage of any one except those who are trying to take advantage of somebody else. For this reason little sympathy is held for those who lose at their own game.

SENATORS TILLMAN and McLaurin, of South Carolina, might get some valuable pointers on the resignation question from Senator Platt, of New York, who joined Conkling in resigning expecting that both would be re-elected—an expectation that was not realized.

OFFICIALS of the Standard Oil company, at Evansville, Ind., hung a sign on the door of their safe, reading "Help yourself. Don't crack the safe." Burglars followed the advice a few nights ago and took all the money there was in the unlocked safe—$750. To the aforesaid officials we fancy that sign doesn't seem so "funny" as it did.

THE PRESIDENT'S REMARKABLE TOUR.

Up to the time Mrs. McKinley was taken dangerously ill in San Francisco there had been no untoward incident to mar President McKinley's transcontinental tour, which was in many respects one of the most remarkable journeys ever taken by the chief executive of the nation, though brought unexpectedly to an end ere it was half completed.

From the time of the departure from the national capital until the tour was abruptly and untimely terminated in the metropolis of the Pacific coast the President had been welcomed with unfailing courtesy and unbounded hospitality. Immense throngs at every stopping point greeted and cheered him, not as an individual or as the representative of a political party or set of political principles, but as the chosen head of a sovereign people. In all the thousands of miles of travel and in the reception of all the millions of people no word of insult was spoken and not the slightest vestige of ill feeling exhibited. In the early stages of the trip across the continent the President's route lay through communities once bitterly hostile to the ideas he represents and still mainly opposed to him in essential matters of public policy, but the welcome he received in those localities could not have been more cordial or sincere. He made a series of happy, tactful speeches, which were everywhere well received, and, though he occasionally touched upon political matters, his utterences were accepted, even by those differing with him, with characteristic American good humor. He mingled with the people and was treated as one of them.

Viewed in comparison with the "tours" that have been made by the rulers of European countries the trip of President McKinley across this vast continent might be regarded as something quite miraculous. But we do not need to measure it by European standards. The American executive went on his way through the country absolutely without physical protection, and indeed there was no reason why he should have been "hedged about by the minions of the law." That the President should be wholly free from insult or physical harm from the people who met to greet him is no more than what might be expected in such a government as ours, but the trip has given the nation and the world another concrete demonstration of the deep, underlying popular respect for the office of President of the United States, an office greater in honor than that of the most exalted hereditary ruler in the world and equal in prestige to it. It likewise demonstrates that we have the faculty, lacking in all other peoples, of forgetting our differences and burying our rancors without surrendering our convictions and honoring our chief executive regardless of the divergency of opinion as to the line of political policy he represents.

It is not unprofitable that the lesson of national unity and strength taught by the Presidents' tour should now and then be impressed upon us.

KISSING is again charged by the doctors with spreading tuberculosis. It has also been known to induce domestic infelicity, breach of promise suits and several other kinds of trouble not mentioned by the learned physicians.

MR. BRYAN deplores the fact that he will have a hard battle to keep his peculiar principles to the front in 1904. It may be said, however, that the rest of the country, Democrats included, welcome the difficulty.

J. J. HILL, the railroad magnate, says the only way to make money in stocks is to buy them outright. That is to say, to make money on the street one must be rich enough not to need it.

JUDGE NEAL, of Indiana, who tried a divorce case by telephone, is entitled to the judicial belt for up-to-dateness.

A GROUNDLESS AGITATION.

In contemplation of the approaching dull season in current affairs there is a disposition manifested in certain Democratic and Mugwumpian quarters to thresh out the startling discovery of an alleged plot to renominate President McKinley in 1904. There is no reason for this pretended alarm on the part of the Democratic newspapers over what they profess to believe to be a "concerted plan to overthrow one of the most sacred traditions of the government," meaning, of course, that a president of the United States shall not be elected to succeed himself more than once. There is no indication in any quarter that such a purpose is brewing. Certainly President McKinley has not himself encouraged the belief that he seeks or desires re-election. That the love and esteem of the people of the whole country, so earnestly manifested throughout his trip across the continent and the genuine sorrow and sympathy expressed for him in his recent anxiety and distress should be so twisted as to appear part of a plan to re-elect him to the presidency is not only an exhibition of bad taste, but it has absolutely no political foundation.

But notwithstanding these contrary facts the Mugwump and Democratic press will continue to excite itself over this question. That the mercury will soon be in the nineties does not in any way deter these political sensationalists from the violent mental exercises required to keep alive at least one subject over which to affect "grave alarm."

NO USE FOR ADVERSITY.

Ex-President Cleveland, it seems, has lately written an article on "The Uses of Adversity." Never were author and subject better suited to each other. Having been chiefly instrumental in inflicting on the people of this country the direst kind of adversity, having given to them, during his last administration, four years of the hardest times the country has known since the Civil war, it is not to be wondered at that now Mr. Cleveland would find pleasure in convincing the public that adversity is a most desirable and beneficial thing. There have been many signs of late that Mr. Cleveland still has the presidential bee buzzing about his ears and would like again to head the Democratic national ticket.

Perhaps this article of his is designed to further that long-lived ambition. Perhaps he hopes to win the people over to say with the poet, "Sweet are the uses of adversity," and, having won them over to that view, to put himself forward as the adversity candidate. Compared with him, even Mr. Bryan would not be "in it" as an adversity candidate, for Mr. Bryan has never had a chance to show us all that he could do in that line, while Mr. Cleveland has been tried and has shown that as the promoter of adversity he has at least no superiors and probably few equals. However, the American people are not looking for calamity bringers, and that fact puts both Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Bryan out of the race.

THE PITTSBURG "RIPPER" BILL SUSTAINED.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania on Monday announced a decision sustaining the constitutionality of the Pittsburg "ripper" bill, which overturns the municipal governments of Pittsburg, Allegheny and Scranton. The court was divided on the question, four Justices affirming the validity of the act, the remaining three joining in a vigorous dissenting opinion.

The sustaining decision was prepared by Justice Mitchell and concurred in by Justices Fell, Brown and Potter. Justice Dean wrote the dissenting opinion, receiving the support of Chief Justice McCollum and Justice Mestrezat.

The way is now clear for the "ripper" to "rip" and its work of "reconstruction" will doubtless speedily begin.

A NEGRO murderer was lynched in Oklahoma while he was singing, "I am going home to glory."

THE TROUBLE AT WEST POINT.

West Point military academy evidently needs something more severe than a congressional vote of censure to cure it of the hazing habit and to restore its discipline and order. Recent events have developed the fact that instead of correcting the evils complained of at the time the investigation was made the insubordination of the students has been greater since that time than ever before in the history of the institution. The questions at issue between the students and Superintendent Mills culminated recently in an act of insolence on the part of the students that has aroused the indignation of the country, and the secretary of war has been compelled to take cognizance of the affair, supporting, as he is bound to do, the administration of the school against the effort on the part of the students to force the superintendent to resign.

That an error was committed in passing over without serious punishment the guilty students involved in the hazing scandals that were exposed last winter is now apparent. The students at West Point should be taught better manners and the practice of hazing which they promised to abolish but which they have defiantly continued should be driven out of the institution.

The students, emboldened by the bid they made for public attention through the investigations last winter, have threatened to appeal to political influence to carry out their design of forcing Superintendent Mills out of office. If there be an important man in congress who could be found to support them in this reckless scheme he is unworthy his place, for such a course would absolutely wreck the usefulness of the academy. The military institute belongs to the country and not to the young men who may have secured appointments thereto. If their present conduct be an indication of the use they have made of the training and instruction of the academy, then the country does not need soldiers of that stripe, and had better either close the institution or secure a student body of tractable minds and soldierly qualities.

FAITH IN SOUTHERN DEMOCRACY.

Senator Carmack of Tennessee declares, as Senator Morgan did recently, that the suppression of the negro vote in the Southern States will have little influence in building up a Republican party there. He says: "In the first place there has been no elimination of the negro as a political factor. Even where he has been disqualified as a voter at the polls he is still omnipotent in the party convention, or, at least, the politicians who control are. Even his apparent suppression is only partial and temporary. A considerable and increasing number possess the necessary educational qualifications, and the limitations on the suffrage will therefore become less and less effective. The South is Democratic from principle and will stay so whatever becomes of the Negro." So far as this prediction is concerned there are those in Dixie land, of equal intelligence and perspicacity with Senator Carmack, who do not hold such abiding faith in the future Democratic solidity of the "Solid South."

OUR SOLDIER PRESIDENTS.

The highest number of men enrolled in our army during the Revolutionary war was 89,761. In the War of 1812 we raised a regular force of 38,186 and a malitia force of 471,622. In the Mexican war the total force raised, regulars and volunteers, amounted to 101,282, and during the Civil war, from 1861-5, the volunteers furnished were 2,859,132, colored troops 186,017 and the regulars 39,273, making the entire number of men enrolled in the military of the United States during the periods of war, exclusive of the Spanish-American war, about 4,000,000.

Of these ten afterward became Presidents of the United States—namely, Washington, Jackson, William Henry Harrison, Taylor, Pierce, Grant, Hayes, Garfield, Benjamin Harrison and McKinley. Other distinguished military men were nominated for the presidency by one or another of the great parties, but were not successful in the election. Among these were Jackson who was defeated in 1824, but was elected in 1828 and 1832; Harrison who was defeated in 1836, but was elected in 1840; Cass who was defeated by Taylor in 1848; Scott who was defeated by Pierce in 1852; Fremont who had been lieutenant general, defeated by Buchanan in 1856; J. C. Breckenridge, defeated by Lincoln in 1860; McClellan defeated by Lincoln in 1864; Hancock, defeated by Garfield in 1880, and Harrison, defeated by Cleveland in 1892.

Other officers who had served in the army were candidates—namely, Armstrong, Lincoln, Burr, John Floyd, B. Gratz Brown, Green Clay Smith, James B. Weaver and Benjamin F. Butler. Most of the successful candidates owed their elevation to their military record, and the same may be said to a great extent with regard to the prominence attained by others. Probably twenty of the generals of our army earned what might be called world-wide distinction and some 200, perhaps, enviable national distinction.

MAN'S DEGENERACY.

To be told nowadays that the human race is deteriorating to an alarming degree and that American civilization and manhood are on the downward road to ruin is so common as not to provoke special remark. It is not that pessimism respecting our future is so popular as a doctrine, but the preachers of gloom and disaster are more industrious in securing positions from which to proclaim their views with some semblance of authority. Of late the college professors have been running a race to determine which of them could promulgate the more absurd and ridiculous doctrines. In any decision as to their claim for distinction Prof. Starr of the University of Chicago deserves special consideration. According to this teacher the habits among men in this country of parting their hair in the middle and wearing shirt waists is a sure sign of the degeneracy of the race.

Without attempting in any sense to defend the shirt waist as a garment for men or to explain why some men prefer to part their hair a little higher up on the head than others, we enter an earnest protest against the announcement of such ridiculous nonsense to a class of young men under the guise of teaching. Eccentricities of dress or of personal adornment have been characteristic of the human race since the time of Adam, and have as little to do with the real character of men as the color of their eyes or the size of their feet. There may be and often is a silly affectation of very many harmless idiosyncracies, but to use this as an evidence of racial decay is too absurd to be treated other than a joke.

VICTORY OF PEACE.

There was a very high compliment to the United States government and people in the earnest petition of the Chinese in Pekin praying for the retention of American troops in that city because of the good work of the Americans in maintaining order and protecting life and property.

The compliment was also well deserved. The forces under General Chaffee have been splendidly handled for the good name of the country under whose flag they served. They have not joined the Europeans in looting and insulting helpless people. They have not behaved as bloody minded conquerors eager only for the spoils of conquest.

Instead, they have so zealously maintained the rights of the weaker race as to win the confidence and esteem plainly voiced in the Pekin petition.

The American government and people have cause to be proud of the record made by American soldiers in China. It probably has not a parallel in history. As the highest type of the twentieth century captain of men, General Chaffee is the most satisfactory yet produced. He has shown how a conquering army of invasion can become a factor for friendly peace immediately upon ceasing to be an instrument of war. —St. Louis Republic.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, May 28, 1901.

Senator Lodge is to be made chairman of the Senate committee on Foreign Relations, as soon as the next session of Congress opens, and will at once move for the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. That is the sum and substance of current gossip among prominent republicans, and if that program is carried out, it will necessarily bring the Isthmian Canal question to an immediate issue in Congress. The chairmanship of the Senate Foreign Relations committee has been vacant since the death of Senator Davis. Senator Frye has been acting chairman, and as the senior republican on the committee, would become chairman when the committees are re-organized at the next session; but his duties as president pro tem of the Senate, and his intention to devote much time to the new Ship Subsidy bill, which he will introduce, will so fully occupy him that he does not, it is said, desire the chairmanship of the Foreign Relations committee. Senator Cullom is the next republican on the committee, but his interest in the legislation likely to come before the Interestate Commerce committee, of which he is now chairman, will, it is thought, cause him to withdraw his claim in favor of Senator Lodge. Should Senator Lodge become chairman of the Foreign Relations' committee, it would be a decided set back for the Panama Canal influence, as he is strongly in favor of the Nicaragua route.

Secretary Root has listened to statements of representatives of the 5 cadets dismissed from West Point, last week, with his approval, for insubordination, and has informed the young men very candidly that, while he would see that their statements were investigated, he was perfectly satisfied that their punishment was just and fully deserved and hadn't the slightest idea that the investigation would result in any change in the sentences. These young men chose a very unfortunate time to get into trouble with the authorities at the Military Academy, as ever since the disclosures of the congressional investigation of hazing at that institution, there has been a feeling in official circles that heroic methods would be necessary in dealing with the next serious infraction of the rules. These 5 young men, and the 6 who were suspended, happened to get mixed up in that infraction, and the impression in Washington is general that they are wasting their time in trying to get re-instated.

Secretary Gage resumed his duties this morning. He has long ago learned that the best remedy for sorrow and trouble of any kind is to keep the brain fully employed with hard work.

Everything is in readiness at the White House for the return of President and Mrs. McKinley, who will reach Washington this week, and will be warmly welcomed back. Everybody is in a state of thankfulness for Mrs. McKinley's improved condition.

Mr. D. W. Martin, of Cal., who is now in Washington, said of that portion of President McKinley's stay in that state which came under his personal observation: "His tour up the state was a great personal triumph, and everywhere the people went away charmed with his gracious conduct. At Pacific Grove where he met the veterans of the Grand Army, the President was introduced as their comrade. He talked to them after the fashion of a comrade, and he had not been speaking fifteen minutes before he had half the veterans in tears at remembrances of the civil war."

In reply to a letter from Capt. Hunter, of the Third U. S. Cavalry, now in the Philippines, saying that a number of his men whose terms were about to expire, would re-enlist if assured that they would return to the U. S. when their troop was ordered home, the following communication was sent from the Adjutant General's office, with the approval of Secretary Root: "Re-enlistment does not place the soldiers in the category of long-service men. It is contemplated by the Secretary of War, that when the new conditions brought about by the Army Reorganization Bill adjust themselves, to announce to the army that it is not the policy of the government to continue officers and men on foreign service for the mere reason that their superior physique has given them immunity from disease. This will mean that officers and men will follow the fortunes of the organization to which they may be assigned."

A report just received by the Department of State, from the U. S. Consul General at St. Petersburg, gives the figures in detail, of the commerce between the U. S. and Russia, for the calendar year 1900. We bought from Russia, mostly raw materials, $1,790,280 worth of goods, and we sold Russia goods to the value of $21,661,515, of which raw cotton was the principal article, its value being $18,413,310.

THERE seems to be some question as to which of Sir Thomas Lipton's yachts will do "the wearing of the green."

MRS. ELMER FLEMING, of Minneapolis, Minn., writes from 2535 Polk street, N. E.:

"I have been troubled all my life with catarrh. I took Peruna for about three months, and now think I am permanently cured. I believe that for catarrh in all its forms Peruna is the medicine of the age. It cures when all other remedies fail."

Mrs. C. Nickel, Hebron, Neb., writes: "I suffered from weakness for ten years. The least exertion caused me pain in the middle of my chest and difficulty in breathing. When I would awake in the night my heart would palpitate so that I often could not sleep. I took Peruna and now I can do all of my work easily without getting short of breath.

"Peruna is the best medicine for me. It strengthens my nerves. It is just what I need. As long as I use Peruna I do not know anything about weakness.

"I have never found a medicine that makes me feel so strong and vigorous as Peruna. I shall always keep Peruna in the house. It ought to have a place in every home.

"The longer I use it the better I like it. I would not give your book, "The Ills of Life" away for any price if I could not get another."

HOW PERUNA MAKES STRONG NERVES.

Nervousness is due to bloodlessness of nerve centers. To enrich the blood is to cure nervousness. Diseases of the nervous system calls for more blood and better blood. Peruna answers this call by giving the system a perfect supply of pure red blood. Thus it is that Peruna is a natural tonic. It does not temporarily stimulate the nervous system, but permanently invigorates it.

Peruna regulates the supply of blood to the various parts of the system. When one part has more blood than it ought to have, another part is deprived of its natural supply of blood. This sets up all sorts of functional irregularities so common to people who spend much time indoors. Peruna cures these affections by regulating the supply of blood and giving to each part of the system exactly that portion of the blood to which it is entitled.

By producing a natural appetite, correcting digestion and regulating the supply of blood in the system, Peruna removes the cause of a thousand and one maladies very common in warm weather.

The fatigue and languor of hot weather is directly due to impoverished blood. This condition prepares the way for the advent of almost any disease. Peruna protects the system against the ailments of summer by fortifying it with a regular supply of the best blood.

A book entitled "Summer Catarrh" sent free by The Peruna Medicine Co., Columbus, Ohio.

What is Gambling?

Admitting that stock speculation is gambling, it is at least supposed to be a fair game, and that any one responsible for deliberately forcing prices down against their normal tendency is no better than the man who interferes with a roulette wheel or fixes the cards to suit himself at faro. After all, when we talk about what is and what is not gambling, we are dealing in very refined distinctions. If gambling is merely risking chances, pretty nearly all of life is a gamble. If it is gambling to buy a stock which seems to be below its true value, it must be gambling to buy a barrel of oranges in Florida in hope of selling it at a profit in New York. If it is a matter of the amount of risk taken, the man who spends years of toil at what he thinks will be ultimately profitable is the heaviest kind of a wager on faith.—Brooklyn Life

The Girls of Kansas.

Flushed with her multiplicity of triumphs, Kansas now asks for a new glory. According to the Wichita Eagle, the girls now graduating from the Kansas high schools are "the handsomest in the world." And not the graduating girls alone. Beauty is more common among the sunflowers than crankery was once thought to be. "Eight out of ten native girls can now be called beauties. Ninety-nine out of every hundred are handsome." And "the future Kansas girl will be fit to wear the robes of the Greeks in the flush of their physical perfection." Hurrah for the Kansas girls of the present and of the future! It is the happy privilege of every state to believe that its daughters are the handsomest women in the world; and for our part we believe that every state is right.—N. Y. Sun.

Little Boy and Big Black Bass.

From the Palestine (Tex.) Weekly Record.

Master Clarence Dilley is the champion juvenile follower of Sir Isaac Walton within all these parts. On Saturday morning last he lined and pulled ashore out at Crystal lake a black bass which weighed six and one-half pounds and measured twenty-one inches long. This is next to the largest fish caught out of this lake and our little friend justly feels proud of it.

For a few minutes it was nip and tuck between Clarence and the fish, the one holding out manfully, being almost pulled from the boat, while the other fairly divided the water into a thousand angles in his vigorous efforts for liberty, but Clarence was not lost to the art of angling in his excitement and subdued the big fish.

STRAWBERRIES are growing more plentiful, but they are not yet selling at a price that brings them squarely into competition with the boarding house prune.

LOOK out for a new boom for the salt cure. It was, it is said, the injection of a solution of salt that caused Mrs. McKinley to rally after hope had been almost abandoned.

Real Estate Tranfers.

The following deeds have been recorded during the past week in the office of Recorder N. E. Robb.

James L. Summerville et ux to Bertha Askey, May 4, 1901. Lot in Snow Shoe. Consideration $25.00.

Rebecca J. Hopson et al. trustees, to Rebecca Sparr, May 1, 1901. 147 acres 93 perches in Harris twp. Consideration $5500.00.

Wm. P. Humes et ux to Dittmar Grebe, May 11, 1901. Lot in Philipsburg. Consideration $900.00.

Ed. E. Cain et ux to Emma R. Hassinger, May 21, 1901. Lot in Spring twp. Consideration $630.00.

Samuel H. Kunes et ux to Liberty twp., school directors and trustees. Dec. 17, 1884. ½ acre in Liberty twp. Consideration $60.00.

Jacob Everts exrs. to Hannah Kreamer, Sept. 21, 1887. 40 perches in Penn twp. Consideration $150.00.

Lucy Burns heirs to Bertha Dodd, April 29, 1901. 76 acres 150 perches in Taylor twp. Consideration $621.00.

Conrad Long et ux to George Long, April 8, 1895. 50 acres in Boggs twp. Consideration $50.00.

A. J. Crotzer et ux to Flora O. Bairfoot. March 18, 1901. 20 acres in Potter twp. Consideration $875.00.

C. F. Harlacher et ux to Andrew J. Crotzer, March 23, 1898. 20 acres in Potter twp. Consideration $800 00.

Ella C. Storm et baron to W. R. Shope, May 22nd 1901. Lot No. 12, Reynolds Avenue, Bellefonte. Consideration $1430.00.

Safe Deposit and Trust Co., Pittsburg, to Wm. M. Cassady and S. Stonebraker Sept. 10, 1900. 109 acres 25 perches in Taylor twp. Consideration $200.00.

F. P. Barker et ux to Henry Detwiler, March 28, 1884. 3 lots in Miles twp. Consideration $745.00.

J. B. Irish et al, attorneys in fact, to Rush twp. School Board; Feb. 1900. 2 lots in Rush twp, Consideration $1.00.

Katherine W. Curtin et al to Susan C, Van Gordon, Feb. 28, 1901. Tract of land in Howard. Consideration $1.00.

Wm. B. Lyons et ux to Harry Lyons, Sept. 12, 1899. 120 perches in Spring twp. Consideration $300.00.

Lehigh Valley Coal Company to Geo. Mattie, Oct. 5, 1900. ¾ acre in Snow Shoe. Consideration $35.00.

J. A. Grenoble to Julian Corman, April 22, 1901. 32 perches in Gregg twp. Consideration $1365.00.

Lehigh Valley Coal Company to John Powers, Nov. 22, 1900. Lot in Snow Shoe. Consideration $25.00.

St. Michael Archangel Roman Catholic Slavonic Church of Clarence, Pa., to J. W. Shanahan D. D., in trust, Dec. 18, 1900. A tract of land in Snow Shoe. Consideration $1.00.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued during the past week by Register A. G. Archey.

Francis Shuey, of Jersey Shore, and Elizabeth Gray Johnson, of Milesburg.

Galen W. Erdly, of Milton, Pa., and Mabel A. Snyder, of Centre Hall.

Daniel Irvin Cowper, of Houtzdale, and Sarah E. Woods, of Sandy Ridge.

Evan J. Shawley and Elsie Croft, both of Boggs twp.

Willis E. Williams and Julia Lucas, both of Bellefonte.

Olan A. Johnson, of State College, and Lizzie E. Walters, of Pine Grove Mills.

Oscar H. Osman, of Lemont, and Elsie Cooke, of Sunbury.

A Curious Chinese Custom.

According to the rule sanctioned by centuries of Chinese observance, no document can have the authority of the imperial throne of China unless it bears a red spot placed there by the sovereign. To the grand council the tsung-li-yamen and all other departments of state take their business, and the grand council in its turn considers all documents and attaches to each a piece of red paper on which its own decision is written. Each morning at daybreak the grand council proceeds to the palace to submit the papers to the sovereign, who as each document is produced signifies approval by making a small spot with a brush on the margin of the red paper. With the red spot upon it the paper is the most sacred thing in the world to a Chinaman; without it it may be torn to shreds with impunity.—Leslie's Weekly.

REBERSBURG NEWS.

Miss Grace Miller received a fine piano last week from an organ dealer of Sunbury.

Harry Leitzell, of Mifflinburg visited friends and relatives in our town several days last week.

Norman Stover visited friends in this vicinity last week. He sports a fine chainless bicycle.

Miss Mary Houtz, of Orangeville, Columbia county, Pa., visited at the home of her uncle J. K. Moyer, last week.

J. N. Meyer and family, Ed. Brungart and Miss Winifred Wolf made a flying trip to Bellefonte last Saturday.

Cor. Stover and daughter Byrd were to Bellefonte on Saturday.

Many of our teachers are busy preparing for the examination to be held at the High school building on Monday, June 3, 1901. Success to you boys!

Miss Winifred Wolfe and Ed. Brungart expect to be married on the 5th of June. Mr. Brungart has been the successful principal of the Cross Forks schools; Potter Co. Pa. the last winter,

H. G. Krape, the popular salesman for M. C. Gephart is doing a successful business in the music line.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Kreamer, of Centre Hall, visited our town the beginning of the week.

The crops in our section of Country look very promising, the corn is coming up nicely.

The Masons, working at the Kreamersville bridge, have been very much delayed by the recent rains, and high water.

H. W. Corman made a visit to his daughter Mrs. Harry Musser of Spring Mills, last Friday.

Prof. Gramley surprised his daughter Alma the other day with a fine new piano.

THE CIRCUS HABIT.

INDIANS HAVE THE WILDEST CRAZE FOR THE TENTED SHOWS.

After the Red Men the Negroes Will Go to the Greatest Lengths to See the Performance, and Third Place Is Held by Chinamen.

"You may talk about your city circus goers," said the old circus man, "but the Indian, the wild, untutored red man of the plains, has got them all beaten to death. There's no circus goer in the world like the North American aborigine. He will travel farther, endure more privations and skimp himself harder to get the price of admission than any other human being in the world. What's more, I believe he really enjoys the circus better than the negro, though he doesn't make any fuss over it.

"The negro, as every circus man knows, will sell the family cook stove to get money to see the elephant, but the Indian will barter off his papoose, his squaw or even his most cherished possession, his horse, to get a ticket. After the negro comes the Chinaman. The Mexicans, too, are not slow in responding to the toot of the calliope. The laziest greaser on the Texas border, who never paid a debt in his life, bobs up promptly on circus day with his 50 cents, though nobody knows where he got it. But the Indian is the greatest circus fiend of all.

"In the west our circus is known among the Indians as 'the heap big brothers' show.' It is the only circus that attracts the red man, and he waits for its yearly appearance as confidently as he awaits the return of spring. In Missoula, Mon., one of our regular stands, fully one-half of the audience is made up of Indians. They come from as far as 200 miles on horseback and even on foot, starting on their long journey days before the circus date and arriving promptly on the morning of the day of exhibition.

"On circus day it is a case of every man for himself with the Indians. The lord of the tepee brings enough trinkets in the shape of moccasins and bows and arrows to peddle around town and in this way gets money for his own admission ticket. His squaw brings willow baskets and has to hustle for her own ticket. They generally come in couples astride of a pony, and if the market is overcrowded with Indian relics they will sell the nag.

"When the show trains arrive in these western towns early in the morning 200 and 300 tents have already been pitched by the Indians, some of which have arrived the night before. Their little colony is almost as interesting as the circus itself. It is a veritable bazaar of relics and papoose exhibitions. While the old squaws are getting breakfast the children are playing games and the chiefs are taking their knickknacks to the market. They are the first ones after the doors of the big tents are opened to land on the blue planks. They fill a good part of the arena, and they never move during the entire performance. Applause is unknown to them. They make as little show of enthusiasm as their brothers in wood in front of the white man's cigar stores. If the trick elephant were to climb the center pole, they would no doubt enjoy the performance, but they would make no more show of surprise than if they were molded from clay. If the performing mule were to walk out on the hippodrome track and make a concert announcement in the Indian tongue, they would only grunt.

"After the show is over the chiefs proceed to fill their skins with the white man's firewater, and the squaws with the papooses wait on the lumber piles till the gray streaks begin to sprout over the hills, when the unsteady train winds out of town over the trail.

"Along the Pacific coast the Chinamen are among the firm friends of the circus people. Like the Indians, they are good patrons of this particular show. In San Francisco at least 50,000 Chinamen saw the circus one season. Some of them came in coaches drawn by handsome horses, and they sat in boxes. Mongolian merchants worth their millions gave matinee parties, the men wearing richly embroidered gowns and the women clad in costly silk cut not in the form of dresses, but as a man wears his broadcloth. At one matinee given in the California city 8,000 Chinese and fully 2,000 Japs attended. The remaining few of the spectators were Americans. The Chinaman is as undemonstrative as the Indian. He expresses his appreciation of the performance by attending time after time.

"Probably the strangest mixture of people that ever attended a circus was found beneath the tent of our show one day at Tucson, A. T., when Indians, Mexicans, greasers, Japs, negroes, Chinamen and a few American cowboys fairly packed the big canvas arena and sat promiscuously mixed over the blue seats. Though the Chinamen and Indians are undemonstrative, the cow punchers, Mexicans and negroes made as much noise that day as was ever made at a frontier massacre. The cowboys yelped like a pack of coyotes when Mme. Noble rode the bucking horse, the Mexicans yelped at every act, and the negroes laughed at the clowns till the earth shook. That night the cowboys and greasers turned the town into a shooting gallery, emptying their revolvers at the stars and manifesting their sorrow at the departure of the circus by licking up all the refreshments in the town.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

WHAT SAID THE WIND?

[Her thought.]
The wind is waving all the trees;
They whisper in the sun,
And ever through the sweet, warm grass
The wayward shadows run.
Oh, turn you here or turn you there,
The thought will not away
That love comes as the wind comes,
And none may say it nay.

[His thought.]
The wind is scattering the leaves,
The clouds rush up the sky,
The vagrant snowflakes find no rest,
But whirl and toss and fly,
And still thought wanders with the wind,
Returning but to say,
"Oh, love goes as the wind blows,
And none may bid it stay!"
—Aldis Dunbar in Ainslee's Magazine.

ONE OF BROOKS' PUPILS.

He Was Unjustly Punished, but He Forgave the Offense.

After his graduation from Harvard college Phillips Brooks became a teacher in the Boston Latin school. And here, on the very threshold of his career, he met with failure. So much had been expected of him that his want of success was naturally a subject of much comment at the time, and after he had become a great preacher his early failure was still referred to and sometimes was used to point a moral.

It was a turbulent class that Phillips Brooks had to teach. Before he took charge of it three teachers had been driven away. The man who followed Mr. Brooks, to fill out the year, confessed himself so wearied by the frequent resort to corporal punishment that he was obliged to betake himself to the mountains for the summer to recuperate his strength. The boys were certainly in fault, but the blame was not wholly theirs, and long since they may be supposed to have repented of their mischief.

Phillips Brooks was then not yet 20 years old, little more than a boy. Naturally, perhaps, he made mistakes. On one occasion, says his biographer, he punished a boy who had committed no fault.

After Mr. Brooks had become bishop of Massachusetts, as he was moving in his majestic dignity across Boston Common, he met this boy, then a mature man occupying a post of trust and influence. Neither man had forgotten the incident.

Looking down upon his old pupil, the bishop made a certain appeal for forgiveness. "Tell me, now," he said, "that I did not make a mistake and punish the wrong boy."

"Yes, you did make a mistake. You punished the wrong boy," was the answer, "but I have missed so many punishments that I deserved that I ought to be grateful for that one, which I did not deserve."—Youth's Companion.

Out of His Latitude.

He understood all about the sun and the moon and the stars and something about the weather. Indeed, he was popularly supposed to regulate this last, and his indication of probabilities was received as gospel by his admiring fellow citizens in a certain southern colony of Australia. He went to England for a well earned holiday.

He was shown over a celebrated fruit garden there. He was observed to be sniffing about as if something were wrong. They asked him what was the matter. "Well," he replied, "these funny fellows have trained their peach trees against the south side of the wall to get the midday sun instead of against the north."—London Truth.

An Editorial Error.

"Did anybody ever try to start a newspaper here?" asked the intellectual looking man with glasses.

"Yes," answered Broncho Bill; "but it failed. The editor wouldn't tend to business."

"Was he a dissipated man?"

"No; but he insisted on sitting at his desk with his back to the door when he ought to have been standing with a six shooter in his hand and his eye at a knothole."—Washington Star.

Consolation.

Mrs. Murphy (to her husband, excitedly)—Run for the doctor, Pat. The child has swallowed the halfpenny you gave him to play with.

"Oh, keep your mind aisy, Bridget," replied Pat. "It was a bad one anyway."

A boy boasts of what he is going to do when he becomes a man, and an old man brags of what he did when he was a boy.—Chicago News.

The Chinese began to write books before they migrated from the region south of the Caspian sea.

Improving the Old Homestead.

Farmer Whiffletree—Since yew got back frum college yew don't seem to take no interest in the old farm.

Son—No interest, dad! Haven't I spent nearly two weeks laying out golf links?—Judge.

Memorial Day Program.

The following order has been issued by the G. A. R. commander for Memorial Day, May 30th, 1901.

Headquarters Gregg Post No. 95, Dept. of Pa., G. A. R., May 22nd, 1901.

General Orders, No. 1:—Comrades, you are hereby ordered to report at the Post Rooms, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., May 30th, to take your usual part in the parade and services of Memorial Day.

By order of
JAMES HARRIS, Commander.
F. P. GREENE, S. M. Adj. pro tem.

The parade will form in the Diamond at 2 o'clock and march in the following order: Coleville band, Co. B, 5th Regimens, N. G. P., Gregg Post, No. 95, G. A. R., Logan and Undine Fire companies and other societies.

The oration of the day will be delivered by Rev. Geo. I. Brown, rector of the Episcopal church.

THE DOG WAS MAD.

And He Made it Lively for the Shade Family.

A mad dog story comes from Bald Eagle township, Clinton county. A few days ago Milton Shade, wife and 9 year old son went to Lock Haven. They left at home two other sons—one 14 years and the other 17 years. The two boys were at the barn. Hearing a noise, they saw a dog come tearing down the road, wild looking and frothing at the mouth. The boys dashed into the barn and the dog after them. Inside the barn door a hen was setting in its nest. The canine grabbed the hen and tore it to pieces. While it was attacking the chicken the boys had time to run to the house and lock the doors, where they waited for the return of their parents.

On the return home, Mr. Shade left his wife and youngest son and went to Bald Eagle dam to fish. Mrs. Shade and the boy proceeded homeward. As they neared the house Mrs. Shade heard her boys yelling "Look out for the mad dog" out of the window, but as there was a storm coming up, and not understanding what her sons said, she kept on towards the house. As she neared the barn the dog came towards her and made a jump for the boy that had accompanied her. The boy kicked him and knocked the dog over. The dog attacked the child again and was again knocked down. The dog then made a jump for the child's face when he was caught by Mrs. Shade back of the ears and carried into the barn, where he was chained. As the dog was snapping and frothing all the time it can be imagined what work Mrs. Shade would have to prevent the dog biting her. After she had the dog chained Mrs. Shade sent one of the boys after Mr. Shade. He returned and shot the dog. While the dog was chained it bit the boards, sank its teeth into the ground, and gave every symptom of being mad. It is not known where the dog came from.

IS THIS SO?

Bellefonte People can Decide.

You would not accept the word of an utter stranger as readily as that of a person whom you knew. The following statement is made by a citizen, perhaps a neighbor. Read it:

Mr. B. H. Shaffer, of Howard street, tinsmith says: "I had backache, a lameness just over my hips and when I took cold there was always a difficulty with the kidney secretions. The lameness in my loins was very inconvenient for I could not move quickly without having sharp twinges through me and if bending forward I could hardly straighten. I learned about Doan's Kidney pills, procured them from F. Potts Green's drugstore and took them. They banished the pain and lameness."

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AN OFFICIAL MIX UP.

THE STORY OF AN APPOINTMENT TO A JUDGESHIP.

How the Man Slated For Associate Justice of New Mexico's Supreme Court First Got a Surprise and Afterward the Office.

Late in the year 1900 it was decided by the powers in Washington that Mr. Daniel H. McMillan, ex-state senator of New York and for many years general counsel in the city of Buffalo for the Vanderbilt system of railroads, was to be appointed associate justice of the supreme court of New Mexico.

This appointment had been urged not only by those who knew Mr. McMillan in the state of New York, but by lawyers of Santa Fe and of other cities in New Mexico who knew of him and desired to see him obtain the place.

Toward the close of 1900, with Governor Otero of the territory, Mr. McMillan was on a Lake Shore train speeding toward Washington. When the train stopped at Painesville, O., newsboys boarded it, and one of them called out: "All about the new supreme court judge of New Mexico. Silas Alexander appointed." The governor of the territory and Mr. McMillan looked at each other, and they bought a paper, and in that paper they read in glaring headlines that Silas Alexander of Santa Fe had received the appointment to the vacant judgeship.

Mr. McMillan the morning of his arrival in the capital went at once to the office of the secretary of war.

"How did it happen I was not appointed?" he asked.

"Why," said Mr. Root, "you are appointed!"

"Why," said Mr. McMillan, "you are mistaken." And he drew from his pocket the Cleveland newspaper of the day before. Secretary Root turned all colors. "This is a mistake," he said; "an absurd, strange mistake, for I have it from the president's own lips, corroborated by Mr. Griggs, attorney general, that your name was sent yesterday to the senate for action and that the recommendation was duly signed by President McKinley."

Then the men went to the state, war and navy building and found Attorney General Griggs.

"But you have been given the appointment," said Mr. Griggs.

"Then what does this newspaper report mean?" was the reply.

The attorney general was dumfounded. "I cannot conceive what it means," he said. He tapped his bell, and when a messenger came in response he requested the attendance of the clerk in confidential relations with him, whose duty it is to fill in upon appointment blanks the names of those who are designed for appointments by the executive.

The clerk appeared. "Mr. Blank," said the attorney general, "find out at once whose name was sent yesterday to the senate with the recommendation by the president that he be appointed associate justice of the supreme court of New Mexico."

"I will look," said the clerk. He soon returned with a memorandum slip in his hand.

"Mr. Alexander," he said—"the man from Buffalo."

Then a glimmering of the truth dawned upon the group. "Are you sure," said Attorney General Griggs, "that the name was not McMillan?"

"Certainly," was the reply. "The name was Silas Alexander."

The situation was remarkable, and time was important.

The president of the United States had inadvertently, by the error of a subordinate, been made to set aside the man whom he had intended to name.

There came a pause. Mr. Griggs broke the silence.

"Well, gentlemen," he said, "the fat is in the fire, but we must get it out. My subordinate has made this mistake, and I must do my best to get it rectified, and perhaps the fault is partly mine, for I told him to fill in the name of 'the Buffalo man,' and he, probably seeing the name Alexander and identifying it with the congressman of the same name prominently known in Washington as coming from Buffalo thought that he was to be the appointee."

And so the three men went to the president and explained matters, and as a consequence a messenger, preceded by a telephone message, sped rapidly toward the capitol with instructions to seek immediately the leader of the senate and prevent any action on the mistaken nomination and to make the statement to that leader that it was withdrawn.

The messenger arrived just as the senate was about to take action, and if the telephone had been relied upon the nomination of Silas Alexander would have been confirmed by the United States senate, and the will of the president of the republic would have been defeated.—Saturday Evening Post.

Looking For Work.

"Yes, ma'am," said the ragged fat man, "I'm lookin fur work. Yer ain't got no odd jobs of scrubbin or washin ter be did, have yer?"

"Why, you surely don't do scrubbing or work of that sort?" said the house keeper.

"Sure not. I'm lookin fur work fur me wife."—Philadelphia Record.

Ignorance Is Bliss.

"Is there anything peculiar about him?"

"Not at all. He simply doesn't know and that's the usual combination in cases of people who don't know."—Chicago Post.

Many women first show signs of age by a droop in the eyelid. This is caused by strained eyesight, excessive weeping, ill health or years. It can be overcome by daily faithful manipulation.

A JOSSHOUSE.

Pen Picture of the One In San Francisco's Chinese Quarter.

In one corner is a miniature wooden warrior, frantically riding a fiery steed toward a joss who stands in his doorway awaiting the rider's coming. A teapot of unique design, filled with fresh tea every day, and a very small cup and saucer are always ready for the warrior. This represents a man killed in battle, whose noble steed, missing his master, refused to eat and so pined away and died. A welcome is assured to them in the better land if the work of man can accomplish it. The horse and rider are to them (the Chinese) what the images of saints are to Christians. In another corner is a tiny bowl of water. The gods occasionally come down and wash. At certain times of the year direct questions are written on slips of paper and put into the hands of one of the greatest josses. These disappear, and then the joss either nods or shakes his head in answer.

On the altar or altars are several brass and copper vessels, in which the worshiper leaves a sandalwood punk burning in such a position that the ashes will fall on the fine sand in the vessel. When one of these is full, it is emptied into an immense bronze vase on the balcony, and this, in turn, is emptied into the ocean. The Chinese take good care of their living and never forget their dead. Once a year, the fourteenth day of the seventh month, they have a solemn ceremony by which they send gold and silver and cloth to the great army of the departed.

A furnace is a necessity in a josshouse. It is lighted on ceremonial days, and paper representing cloth, gold and silver is burned, the ashes of the materials being, in their minds, useful in spirit land. Private families send to their relatives and friends whatever they want by throwing the gold, the silver and the cloth paper, also fruits, into a fire built in the street in front of their houses. The days of worship come on the 1st and 15th of each month.—Modern Culture.

THE TALE OF A TACK.

How an Italian Tenor Was Enabled to Reach High C.

"There was once an Italian tenor at Covent Garden of the name of Tasca, who, I am sorry to say, sang his own praises better than the score," says Mr. William Parry, the stage director at the Metropolitan Opera House.

"For this and other reasons he was strongly disliked by all the workmen. One day he came to me and said, with great show of mystery:

"'Tell me the exact spot.'

"I could not for the life of me understand what he wanted.

"'You know well enough what I mean,' he persisted. 'Show me the spot where Tamberlik sang the high C. There is always one spot on the stage that is better than all the others to stand on when you sing. Where is it?'

"'I'll show you later,' I replied. 'But, remember, never a word. It would cost me my place if it should leak out.'

"Then I drove a brass tack into one of the stage boards, and he was overjoyed when I solemnly pointed out 'the exact spot,' and so were the workmen at the prospect of a joke at his expense. That night he carefully stood on the tack and sang the high C. Rushing into the wings, he exclaimed: 'Beautiful! Wonderful!' Ever afterward, no matter what part of the stage demanded his presence, he would rush to the tack when the time for the high C came and there deliver it."—Saturday Evening Post.

The Doctor's Indiscretion.

"There is no profession which calls for the use of more discretion than the profession of medicine," remarked a well known physician of this city. "Just to give you an instance:

"I came home late one evening after a very busy day and was told by the office boy that a certain Mrs. S. had called me up three times on the telephone. As her young hopeful had scarlet fever and I was afraid he had taken a sudden turn for the worse, I got 'central' to connect me with her house without delay.

"'The missus has gone to bed, sir,' said the voice of a maid in reply, 'but she was so anxious to know if she could wash Tommy's face.'

"I called back that she had better ask the nurse if it was dirty. Now they have another doctor."—New York Mail and Express.

A Sensible Query.

Mr. Ashmead Bartlett once told a good story about his going to Ireland for the first time. "As soon as I landed in Ireland I attempted to look for traces of some of my ancestors, who came from the extreme north of Ireland. Meeting an intelligent looking Irishman, I informed him of my mission, saying that my ancestors emigrated from about that spot 100 years ago, and I was there trying to look them up. He answered: 'Ye say your ancestors emigrated from our town about 100 years ago? Thin why are ye looking for them here?'"—London Tit-Bits.

Feelings and Fingers.

A boy was asked which was the greater evil, hurting another's feelings or his finger.

"The feelings," he said.

"Right, my dear child," said the gratified questioner. "But why is it worse to hurt the feelings?"

"Because you can't tie a rag round them."

Stale Candy.

Stale candy can generally be worked over by reboiling it. In the case of acid candies, such as lemon drops, the candy is boiled, the acid is withdrawn by the use of lime or chalk, and the sirup may then be used in the manufacture of that or any other species of candy.

EXPOSITION SPORTS.

SPLENDID PROGRAMME FOR THE PAN-AMERICAN.

Schedule of Some of the More Important Events at Buffalo This Summer—There Will Be a Continuous Carnival.

Buffalo will be the great center for sports the coming summer. There will be a continuous carnival throughout the summer in the magnificent Stadium of the Pan-American Exposition, which has a quarter mile track and a large field and will seat 12,000 spectators. Following is the schedule of events as far as arranged by the Committee on Sports:

Friday, May 17—Cornell-University of Michigan baseball game.
Saturday, May 18—Erie county track and field games.
Friday, May 24—New York State interscholastic track games.
Saturday, May 25—New York State interscholastic track games.
Friday, May 31—Pan-American intercollegiate track games.
Saturday, June 1—Pan-American intercollegiate track games.
Monday, June 3-7—Schoolboy military tournament.
Saturday, June 8—Cornell-Carlisle baseball game.
Thursday, June 13-15—A. A. U. championships.
Monday, June 17-18—A. A. U. basket ball championships.
Saturday, June 22—Western New York track meet.
Monday, June 24-25—Canoe meet.
Thursday, June 27—Volksfest (German singing societies).
Friday, June 28-29—Scottish games.
Monday, July 1-3—Canadian-American lacrosse championships.
Thursday, July 4—All round A. A. U. championship and handicap events; Marathon race.
Saturday, July 6—Exhibition by German Y. M. C. A.
Monday, July 8-13—A. A. U. water sports, swimming and water polo championships.
Wednesday, July 10—Interscholastic basket ball.
Thursday, July 11—Interscholastic basket ball.
Friday, July 12-13—National interscholastic track and field.
Monday, July 15-20—Shooting meet.
Tuesday, July 23-25—National Y. M. C. A. track and field games.
Friday, July 26-27—Metropolitan meet A. A. U.
Monday, Aug. 5-6—Bicycle meet and national amateur championship.
Wednesday, Aug. 7-17—Bicycle meet.
Thursday, Aug. 22-23—Firemen's tournament.
Saturday, Aug. 24-31—A. A. U. gymnastics.
Wednesday, Aug. 28-31—Irish sports.
Monday, Sept. 2-5—Association football.
Friday, Sept. 6—Pan-American world's championships; cross country run.
Saturday, Sept. 7—Pan-American world's championships.
Monday, Sept. 9-14—Cattle show.
Monday, Sept. 16-21—Automobile week.
Saturday, Oct. 5—University of Buffalo-Lehigh football game.
Wednesday, Oct. 16—University of Buffalo versus University of Syracuse football game.
Saturday, Oct. 19—Cornell-Carlisle football game.

The National Grange and New York State Committee of the Grangers have arranged to entertain 300,000 Grangers during the Exposition. Tickets entitling Grangers to the use of the Grange building and securing accommodations in the city are being supplied to all Granges in the United States and Canada.

MILITARY CAMPS.

Accommodations For the Soldier Boys at the Pan-American Exposition.

Many military organizations intend to visit the Pan-American Exposition during the summer. Arrangements have been made to provide first class accommodations for them.

The Exposition will maintain a permanent camp within the grounds for the accommodation of about 200 men at one time.

This camp will be supplied with tents floored, cots, buckets, basins, pint cups, light, water and sinks, for the use of which no charge will be made. It will be necessary for visiting organizations to furnish their own blankets and subsistence.

There will be no accommodation for cooking in this camp, but the visitors will no doubt be able to make satisfactory arrangements with restaurants on the grounds at reasonable rates.

It is expected that organizations taking advantage of these camp privileges will, at such time as may be agreed upon beforehand, give military exhibitions without charge in the Stadium.

Bands in uniform will be admitted to the grounds free. Organizations using this camp will pay one general admission per man when they enter the grounds and must be governed by the rules and regulations laid down by the Exposition Company.

On account of the large number of organizations now applying for camp facilities at the Exposition the use of this camp will be limited to a period not exceeding six days for any one organization.

Large bodies of troops visiting the Exposition must be quartered outside the grounds, where a large camp for this purpose has been established.

Major Charles J. Wolf is in charge of the Military Bureau, and he is kept very busy these days furnishing information to organizations intending to visit the Exposition.

ACCOMMODATIONS FOR VISITORS IN BUFFALO.

Hundreds of Hotels, Boarding and Rooming Houses, Besides Many Private Homes, on the List.

So much has been said and written about the ability of the city of Buffalo to care for the crowds which will attend the Pan-American Exposition this summer that a few facts and figures will be appreciated by the general public.

In the first place, there are listed more than 200 hotels, which will give accommodation to 30,000 people; there are 650 boarding and rooming houses, affording accommodation for 18,500, while 7,000 owners of houses, most of whom never before hung out their latchstring for a consideration, have signified their intention of opening their houses for the accommodation of visitors to Buffalo this summer. These 7,000 homes will accommodate at least 100,000 visitors.

The Exposition Company has arranged to furnish tent accommodation on the Exposition grounds for 250 uniformed men. There are also two companies arranging tent systems which will afford additional accommodation outside of the grounds for 1,500 or so.

In addition to all this, there are a large number of buildings throughout the city now being remodeled and converted into hotels, the plans of which are not far enough along to afford an accurate description or to estimate accommodation at the present time. It is safe to estimate the present capacity of the city of Buffalo to accommodate 150,000 strangers. To this may be added accommodations for at least 50,000 in the surrounding towns, such as Tonawanda, La Salle, Niagara Falls, Lockport, Williamsville, Gardenville, Depew and Lancaster, all within a short trolley ride of the city.

Rates in hotels range from $1 per day upward. As ridiculous stories have been circulated in regard to exorbitant hotel rates, it is well to note the rates that have been established at the Iroquois, the most expensive hotel in the city. These are, for one in a room without bath, $3 and upward; for two in a room without bath, $5 and upward, thus making the minimum rate $2.50 per individual. The rate for a room with bath for one person is $5 or for two in a room $7.50. This is on the European plan. Of course there are rooms and suites of rooms in this hotel for much higher rates for those who wish to pay them, but the prices here given are the highest in the city for hotel accommodations as the term is ordinarily understood.

A number of local reliable agencies are engaged in locating visitors in homes in the city. These can be relied upon as being honest, straightforward and efficient. They are composed of business men of integrity, who will carefully protect strangers in the city, and visitors may feel assured of courteous treatment and safe conduct to accommodations which have received careful inspection.

Great Patent Nation.

The United States grants 25,000 patents per annum, or nearly as many as all the rest of the world. England grants 8,000 per annum and France and Germany each about 7,000, and such countries as Canada, Australia, Austria, Italy and Russia grant about 4,000 each. An interesting and hopeful fact is that more patents are granted in proportion to the applications than ever before in the history of the patent office, showing that mechanical genius is not chasing as many rainbows as formerly. American inventive genius is shown in all lines of invention, but it greatly predominates in machinery for manufacturing, transportation and labor saving. Europe and the orient have begun to find that without American industries they would be unable to go ahead.—Success.

What Might Have Happened.

A sporty young gentleman of the city who drives a dainty runabout which is the envy of the other young men of his set was driving down Main street the other day when he nearly ran over a six foot countryman. The countryman caught the bit and sat the horse upon its haunches without apparent effort and then complacently remarked to the driver:

"Sonny, you had better be careful how you drive that doll buggy of your'n. If I hadn't collared this here horse, you would 'a' run that thing into me and smashed it all to kindling."—Memphis Scimitar.

Difficult Dutch.

The Dutch language is of a good old fashioned tongue. It is so difficult that English speaking people cannot without difficulty acquire it. In fact, some folk say it is more like unto English than it is to German. The Boers in South Africa use the Dutch tongue as it was spoken 200 years ago.

Exception.

Teacher—As I have been telling you, there are two general classes of workers. Tommy, does your father make his living by using his brains or by using his muscles?

Tommy—Neither one, ma'am. He's a policeman.—Chicago Tribune.

HARD ON SMOKERS.

Old Time Legislation Against the Use of Tobacco.

It is one of the curiosities of old time legislation that the use of tobacco was in early colonial days regarded by the magistrates and elders as far more injurious, degrading and sinful than that of intoxicating liquors. Both the use and the planting of the weed were forbidden, the cultivation of it being permitted only in small quantities, "for meere necessitie, for phisick, for preservation of the health, and that the same be taken privately by anncient men." But the "creature called tobacko" seemed to have an indestructible life. Mrs. Alice M. Earle writes of these early restrictions about tobacco in "Stagecoach and Tavern Days:"

Landlords were ordered not to "suffer any tobacco to be taken into their houses" on penalty of a fine to the "victualler" and another to "the party that takes it." The laws were constantly altered and enforced, and still tobacco was grown and was smoked. No one could take it "publicquely" nor in his own house or anywhere else before strangers. Two men were forbidden to smoke together.

No one could smoke within two miles of the meeting house on the Sabbath day. There were wicked backsliders who were caught smoking around the corner of the meeting house and others on the street, and they were fined and set in the stocks and in cages.

Until within a few years there were New England towns where tobacco smoking in the streets was prohibited, and innocent cigar loving travelers were astounded at being requested to cease smoking.

Mr. Drake wrote in 1886 that he knew men, then living, who had had to plead guilty or not guilty in a Boston police court for smoking in the streets of Boston.

In Connecticut in early days a great indulgence was permitted to travelers—a man could smoke once during a journey of ten miles.

HE DID HIS BEST.

Celebrated Musician's Adventure In a Swiss Country Village.

The late Sir John Stainer, one of England's most celebrated musicians and composers, was several years ago in a small Swiss village, and the English clergyman was on the lookout for a musician to assist at the service. Stainer was in the smoking room of the hotel when the clergyman found him and started the conversation with "Do you play the harmonium?" "A little," was the reply of the ex-organist of St. Paul's cathedral. "Will you, then, be good enough to help us out of our difficulty on Sunday? We will read the psalms, and the hymns shall be the simplest I can select," added the delighted parson. "I will do my best," said Stainer, with a smile.

The service passed off all right, but the congregation, instead of rushing away at the close, listened to a brilliant recital. When the parson heard the name of his assistant, he asked him to dinner. "Do you smoke?" he said at the close. "I will do my best," muttered Stainer, and the ensuing laughter was the prologue of an entertaining exchange of Oxford reminiscences.

Stainer was a great story teller. One anecdote he was fond of relating had reference to the days when there were amateur orchestras in churches. The "Messiah" was being sung, and as the line "Who is the King of Glory?" approached the man playing double bass whispered to the violoncellist in front of him, "Let us have your rosin, and I will show 'em who is the king of glory!"—London Tit-Bits.

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Cosmopolitan Magazine, Irvington, N. Y.	1.00	2.00	2.50
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Lippincott's Magazine, Philadelphia, Penn	3.00	2.25	2.90
Youth's Companion, Boston, Mass.	1.75	1.00	1.50
Farm and Home, Springfield, Mass.	.50	1.25	1.85
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Ohio Farmer, Cleveland, Ohio	.60	1.00	1.65
Michigan Farmer, Detroit, Mich.	.50	1.00	1.50
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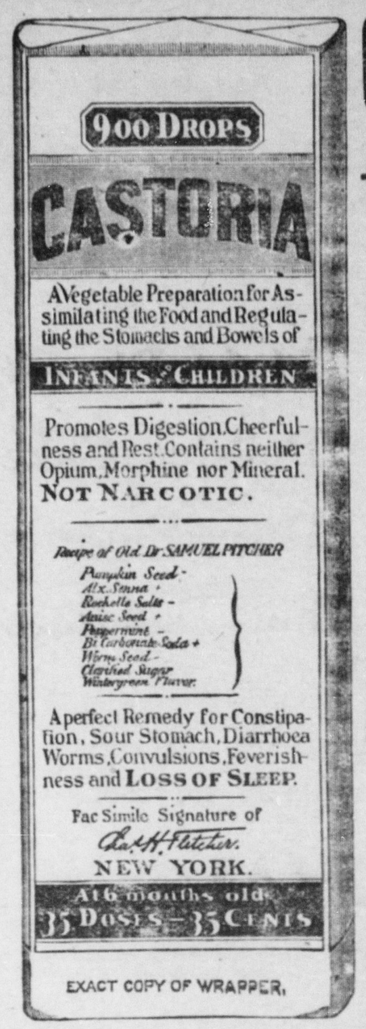
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Assassin Bresci Committed Suicide by Strangling Himself in His Cell.

WAS FOUND DEAD ON THE FLOOR

Tragic Ending of the Life of the Assassin of King Humbert, Who at One Time Was a Resident of Paterson, N. J.

HIS WIFE TOLD OF HIS DEATH

ROME, May 24.—Gataeno Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert, committed suicide by strangling in his cell in Santo Stefano prison.

Bresci was found dead on the floor of his cell. Strips from his shirt were made into rope. This he had tied about his neck, and slowly strangled himself to death.

A year ago Bresci, who was a member of a band of anarchists in Paterson, N. J., sailed from New York to assassinate the king of Italy. His opportunity came at Monsa, Italy, on July 29, 1900. King Humbert had been attending a distribution of prizes in connection with a gymnastic competition. He had entered his carriage, when he was struck by three revolver shots, fired in quick succession. One pierced his heart and he fell back, and expired in a few minutes. His assassin was arrested. He gave the name of Anglo Bresci, of Prato, in Tuscany, but subsequently he was identified as Bataeno Bresci, of Paterson, N. J.. A month after his arrest, on August 20, he was found guilty and sentenced to imprisonment for life in solitary confinement.

He was confined in a coffin-shaped cell, hewn out of the solid rock, beneath the prison walls. His food was bread and water, and was passed through a narrow slit in the door. He was forbidden to speak to his jailors or even to himself.

Recently it was announced that solitary confinement was agreeing with him and it was decided to transfer him to the hardest kind of manual labor in the galleys

Once before Bresci tried to commit suicide, but was prevented by the guards.

On the wall of Bresci's cell the word "Vengeance" was scratched with his bloody thumb nail.

Bresci's violence last week culminated in his attacking a jailer, in consequence of which he was placed in a straight-jacket. Later the prisoner feigned docility in order to secure an opportunity to commit suicide, which he accomplished by hanging himself with an improvised rope attached to the ceiling. In the earlier days of his imprisonment Bresci resented orders to keep silent and threatened to kill himself.

Bresci left letters declaring that he repented of his crime and could not survive the remorse he felt. He also left an account of the plot for King Humbert's assassination. Several letters which he had addressed to Paterson, N. J., were forwarded to the authorities. Among the letters were one to his wife, another to Signor Guiseppe Zanerdelli, the prime minister of Italy, and a third to King Victor Emanuel.

NEW YORK, May 24.—Mrs. Bresci, who is now living in Hudson Heights, was very much affected at the news of the suicide of her husband. She said, however, that he was better dead than imprisoned in an Italian prison. Speaking of her husband's act in killing the king of Italy, Mrs. Bresci said: "He did not plan it with others. Now that he is gone, there is no reason to conceal anything, and I can say absolutely that there never was a plot. It was said my husband was a leader and the agent of a band of anarchists in killing the king. That is not true. His act was entirely an individual act. He conceived it himself. The Paterson anarchists were as surprised he did it as I was. We did not believe it at first. Anarchy, from the little I have heard of it, is a propaganda that is too good for this world. It is not practical. That is the trouble with it and that was the trouble with my husband."

Risking Life

To make a living! And we stand and stare up at the man in the clouds, wondering that any man can be so foolhardy. But what of the business man, who has barely time to snatch a hasty meal, and gulps down a lunch of pie and milk in a few minutes? He too, is risking his life to make a living. Life is sustained by food properly digested and assimilated. The result of hasty eating and irregular meals is "weak" stomach, and a "weak" stomach means a weak man. When the stomach is "weak" the food eaten is not properly digested and cannot be perfectly assimilated, so that there is a daily loss of nutrition, which in time will result in physical collapse.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. It enables the assimilation of all the nutritive values of the food eaten, and so builds up the body into sound health and strength.

Mr. Ned Nelson, the celebrated Irish Comedian and Mimic, of 577 Royden Street, Camden, N. J., writes: "We fulfilled an engagement of twelve weeks and the constant traveling gave me a bad touch of that dreaded disease called dyspepsia. I had tried everything possible to cure it till last week, while playing at B. F. Keith's Bijou Theater, Philadelphia, in the Nelson Trio, a professional friend of mine advised me to try Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I tried it, and, thank God, with good results."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, in paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Charles Schleiffer in Danger.

The Philadelphia "Inquirer" of May 21st contained the following account of a little episode which promised to be very interesting to Charles Schleiffer, a former Millheim boy:

"SHAMOKIN, May 20.—Miss Lizzie Rose threatened to shoot herself and her sweetheart, Charles Schleiffer, last Thursday night, because he refused to marry her. She was unable to carry out her purpose, owing to Constable Michael O'Leary overtaking her and arresting her on the charge of taking a revolver from the home of Councilman Harvey Osman without his consent. She was released from bail yesterday. Before starting out to find Schleiffer she wrote a note to her relatives informing them of her contemplated act. She was tired of living, she said, and did not propose to allow Schleiffer to live after her."

Will Train Horses for the Track.

The Centre County Agricultural Exhibiting Co,, seems determined to put every advantage of opportunity in the way of our people. The announcement was scarcely made that the fair, this year, would be bigger and better than ever, with more magnificent prizes for the exhibitors, and larger purses for the races until another important bit of information was made public.

The company has employed John Cocoman, a professional horse trainer, to come here and take charge of the track. Mr Cocoman is in Bellefonte already and his family will move here at once. His work will be chiefly the training of horses, so that anyone having an animal that shows speed will have the opportunity of having it developed under the direction of a man thoroughly qualified for the work.

Cocoman will be remembered as the driver of "Queen Medium," the gray mare from Williamsport that took several purses at the last fall race meet here. At present only two horses are at the track, "Billy Howe," owned by John M. Shugert and a young bay pacing mare that was bought for John M. Dale, in Lexington, a month ago. People who know the horse expect "Billy Howe" to go very fast this year.

It Saved His Leg.

P. A. Danforth, of LaGrange, Ga., suffered for six months with a frightful running sore on his leg; but writes that Bucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured it in five days. For Ulcers, Wounds, Piles, it's the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Sold by F. Potts Green drug store.

Died From His Injuries.

Jerry Sharar, who fell from a barn on which he was working near his home in Taylor township on Monday evening, and who was taken to Cottage hospital, at Philipsburg, on Tuesday morning, died at the latter institution Thursday morning at 2 o'clock from the effects of his injuries, which were from the beginning recognized to be of a very serious character. In his death Taylor township, where he was born and raised, loses one of its best citizens. He was aged about 63 years. Besides his wife he is survived by two sons and one daughter, viz: James, living at Cresson; Abram L., Sandy Ridge, and Miss Dora, at home. The body was taken to his home near Hannah Furnace Thursday afternoon, and the funeral took place on Saturday.

Whirled Around the Machinery.

John R. Flick, of DuBois, was killed Wednesday in the DuBois & Van Tassel's tannery in that place. He was caught by the line shaft, whirled around several times; and dropped to the floor a broken piece of humanity. Both legs were crushed, the arm was mangled and a deep hole was inflicted in the back of the head. He was 67 years old. The wife, two married daughters and one son survive.

The New Era in Medical Education.

The last quarter of the Nineteenth Century witnessed the conversion of the teaching and practice of medicine from a theoretical to a practical and demonstrative science. This momentous change, than which nothing more revolutionary and beneficent has been achieved in the history of the intellectual development of the race, has been the result of the establishment of laboratories in which research in medical science might be conducted. Such laboratories, first established in Germany, then in France and now in all civilized and enlightened countries, have added a great wealth of facts to our knowledge of the structure and functions of the body, as well as having provided methods of preventing and combating disease that already have robbed many of the most direful of their chief terrors. Hitherto America has scarcely kept pace with foreign countries in the provision for scientific studies in medicine and an incentives to their prosecution. While this aspect of medical education has not been wholly disregarded in this country, the limitations placed upon institutions of learning by their inability to provide adequately out of their means, for the support of laboratories, has had a detrimental effect upon the growth of American medicine. In other countries the national and municipal governments have done readily what in this country is left to private inclination and benefaction.

In view of these contingencies the decision of the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania to proceed immediately with the erection of a new medical laboratory, which in completeness and equipment shall be without a rival in this or other countries, is the more praiseworthy and important. Intended, as it is, to provide for the teaching of students and the carrying on of research in the subjects of physiology, pathology and pharmacodynamics, in which departments of medicine the greatest advances have been made in the past and may be predicted for the future, this event is one of national and not merely of local interest. When it is recalled how definite now is much of the knowledge of the laws of health, and to what extent the discovery of the uses and functions of the various organs, the precise nature of their possible lesions and derangements, and the definite action of remedial agents, has undoubtedly contributed to the relief of suffering and the prolongation of life, and how, in a few years, we have been taught that harmful micro-organisms—the so-called germs—are the causes of many diseases, and by what means their ravages may be combatted, the most enthusiastic for casts for future discoveries in medicine may well fall short of the actual achievements. Hence it is that the undertaking the University of Pennsylvania has set for itself is one that must commend itself to all educators, to all students, and to all who have at heart the material advancement of the human race.

Shudders At His Past.

"I recall now with horror," says Mail Carrier Burnett Mann of Levanna, O., "My three years of suffering from Kidney trouble. I was hardly ever free from dull aches or acute pains in my back. To stoop or lift mail sacks made me groan. I felt tired, worn out, about ready to give up, when I began to use Electric Bitters, but six bottles completely cured me and made me fell like a new man." They're unrivaled to regulate Stomach, Liver Kidneys and Bowels. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed by. F. Potts green drug store Only 50 cents.

An Editor Seeks Damages.

The trespass case of ex-Editor James C. Begley of the Windber Journal against the Pennsylvania Railroad company, will come up for trial in the Somerset county court on the 5th of June. The case grew out of an accident at Johnstown on the 18th of last July, when Mr. and Mrs. Begley's child and a son of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Urbach were killed while Mr. and Mrs. Begley and Mr. Urbach were seriously injured. Mrs. Begley, who lost a leg in the accident, died a few months ago in Bedford county. The suits as originally filed included both Mr. and Mrs. Begley as plaintiffs. Mr. Begley sued for his own injuries, and Mrs. Begley sued for her own injuries, and they sued jointly for the death of their child. The total amount asked was $80,000. After the death of Mrs. Begley the claim was amended, Mr. Begley asking damages in the same sum of $80,000 for the death of his wife and child and his own injuries.

Prominent Citizen of Potters Mills Dead.

Henry Sankey, one of Penns Valley's most prominent farmers, died at his home at Potters Mill's Tuesday evening of old age. He was born in Penns Valley, June 19, 1815 making his age 85 years 11 months and 2 days.

During the civil war he served his country faithfully as a soldier and at the battle of Bull Run was taken prisoner and confined for a period of time in Libby prison. He was a successful farmer, a member of the County Grange and always took an interest in public affairs.

He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Emily Sankey, and the following children, James A. Sankey, of Bernon, Kan., and Edith, Mabel and Marcella, of Potter's Mills.

The funeral took place Saturday morning.

—Each day has its mercy and should render its praise. Fresh are the dews of each morning, and equally fresh are its blessing.

VERY MUCH WANTED

The Last Few Years Has Shown a Remarkable Increase of Sleeplessness—How to Overcome It.

Sleeplessness is one of the most prolific sources producing weak, nervous and restless condition. There is no sense in using opiates, they only undermine the constitution. Nothing has ever been known to perfectly control this condition until the advent of Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. Their action is so gentle and soothing, sweet refreshing sleep follows, then nature has a chance to build up.

Mrs. S. H. Sankey, of No. 203 Oak St., Philipsburg, Pa., says: "I can recommend Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills. to anyone who from overwork, overstrain or excitement finds themselves in a run down, nervous, sleepless condition. The Nerve Pills were recommended to me and I got some. Their work was of a character that not only permits but makes it a pleasure for me to recommend them to others as a nerve tonic capable of giving strength, nerve steadiness and sleep.

By calling at Krumrine's drug store information can be obtained regarding this great success of Dr. A W. Chase's Nerve Pills and how they were first introduced by proof of their merit.

Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are sold at 50c a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D., are on every package.

Barge Sinks on Lake Huron.

CHICAGO, May 25.—The steam barge Baltimore sank yesterday between Ausable and Fish Point, on Lake Huron, according to telegrams received here, and 13 out of a crew of 15 were drowned. The engineer and fireman, the only survivors, were rescued by the Columbia and taken to East Tawas, Michigan, yesterday afternoon. The Baltimore was owned by P. H. Fleming & Co,, of Chicago.

P. H. Fleming & Co. give the list of those on board the ship: M. E. Place, captain, of Cleveland; Mrs. M. H. Place, his wife, stewardess; Michael Brethern, first mate; Edward Own, wheelman; C. W. Sers, wheelman; G. W. Scott, watchman; Herbert Wining, watchman; August Anderson, deck hand; John Delgers, second steward; P. Marceaux, of Chicago, first engineer; Thomas Murphy, of Milwaukee, second engineer; W. M. Parker, fireman; F. Krueger, fireman,

The owners say that if any changes in the crew had been made before the disastrous trip they have not been notified. The Baltimore was built at Gibraltar, Michigan, in 1881, and was valued at $40,000. Her cargo was valued at about $5,000.

Seventy Lives Lost.

LONDON, May 25.—An explosion occurred yesterday at the Universal colliery at Senghenydd, in the Rhondda valley, in Wales.

Three men were rescued, four bodies have been recovered and seventy-eight miners are entombed, with little prospect of reaching the surface alive.

An estimate places the number of imprisened men at nearly 100, and it is feared they all perished.

The rescuers are working strenuously, but under great disadvantage, owing to lack of air in the pit.

Friends and relatives of the entombed miners have gathered about the shaft and are urging on the work of rescue.

LATER.—The rescuers have found a few more bodies, but there is now hope that 70 miners who are still entombed will be brought out alive.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

—The large blast furnace at Duncannon between the railroad and the river, is to be torn down to make room for the improvements in progres by the Pennsylvania railroad company. The furnace has been idle for 7 years. Years ago it was a busy plant and gave employment to 100 men.

BANNER SALVE,

the most healing salve in the world.

All druggists.

—The tenth congress of the Scotch-Irish Society of America will convene in Chambersburg, on Thursday, May 30th and continue for three days.

DOCTORS

say "Consumption can be cured." Nature alone won't do it. It needs help. Doctors say

"Scott's Emulsion

is the best help." But you must continue its use even in hot weather.

If you have not tried it, send for free sample.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists,
409-415 Pearl Street, New York.
50c. and $1.00; all druggist.

The New Fish Laws.

The laws relating to fish enacted by the Legislature are of direct interest to nearly every one in the State.

There are many radical differences between the new and the old act, which fishermen need to note carefully. This is particularly the case with respect to the open and close seasons for game fish and the minimum size of the latter which may be legally killed. For example, the black bass season and that of pike, pickerel, pike-perch or Susquehanna salmon, rock, and calico bass does not open hereafter until June 15. Sunfish, hitherto an unprotected fish, has been placed among the game fishes and given the same open and close season as the other fishes just mentioned. While the open season for black bass is delayed for two weeks the close season does not begin until February 15, instead of December 31, as formerly. Under the new act black bass may not be killed less than 7 inches in length.

The trout season will open, as formerly, on April 15, but will not close until July 31, an extension of 15 days. No trout may be killed less than 6 inches in length.

Under the new law, game fishes are clearly defined, and no device may be used to catch them, except rod, hook and line, or hand line, having not more than 3 hooks. Specific devices, some hitherto prohibited, may be used to catch catfish, suckers and eels at certain or any time of the year under stipulated restrictions. Among them may be mentioned outlines, fyke nets and dip nets.

A section of great importance forbids any person, under heavy penalty, to apply for any game fish, to be planted in any waters in which the public are not allowed to fish. Another declares that wherever an owner applies for game fish for a stream, the waters thereafter shall be free to public fishing.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

State Gets $102,313,06.

Pennsylvania received a treasury warrant in the sum of $102,313,06 from the national government the other day. Every now and then Uncle Sam, feeling in a liberal mood, decides to pay Pennsylvania a portion of the little bill that has been in process of settlement for the last forty years, covering the period of the Civil War and the war with Spain when Pennsylvania generously contributed toward the outfit of her soldiery, with the express understanding that she should be reimbursed.

Foley's Honey and Tar

heals lungs and stops the cough.

All druggists.

McKinleys Reviews Troops.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 25.—The most important event in President McKinley's programme Thursday was his visit to the Presidio, where he reviewed the Forty-fifth and Forty sixth Volunteer Infantry Regiments, just returned from the Philippines to be mustered out of service. All the troops passed in review, the late returning volunteers passing in close marching order in fatigue uniform and unarmed. General Shafter and the members of the Cabinet occupied the stand with the President, who made a brief address, which was loudly applauded.

The President next visited the general hospital, going through every sick ward, bowing and speaking words of cheer to every sick soldier. After lunch he met a number of newspaper men and heartily thanked them for the sympathetic manner in which they had treated the illness of Mrs. McKinley.

On his way to dinner President McKinley stopped at Union Square and turned over the first shovelful of sod where the monument to the American navy in commemoration of Admiral Dewey's victory at Manila Bay is to be erected.

President McKinley attended a reception Friday night given in his honor by the G. A. R. Posts of the city. This afternoon he will go to Oakland to review the school children of that city.

A pleasing feature of the morning's programme was the reception of a delegation of Federal officials. President McKinley asked these officials to provide a position for an old man named Ritter, who served in his regiment during the civil war. Mr. Ritter lost a leg in battle, and is now a resident of San Francisco. The President remarked that this was the first appointment he had asked for and hoped his old companion would be provided for. The officials promised to grant the request.

No Reduction in Indemnity.

WASHINGTON, May 25.—The State Department has received information from Special Commissioner Rockhill which is regarded as conclusive that the indemnity to be demanded of China by the Powers will not be reduced to $200,000,000, the amount which the United States has insisted is all that China will be able to pay.

There is no hope felt here that there will be any reduction from the aggregate amount of the claims, $337,000,000.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

—Messrs. Kryder and Orwig expect to finish their lumber job near Colyer this week and will then move their mill to the Royer farm, near Penns Cave, having bought the entire farm last fall. They also bought the timber on a tract adjoining, from A. P. Luse, which they will saw out first.

A Big Time at Hecla.

On Saturday, June 1st, there will be held the first big time of the season at Hecla Park. It will be an all day fete under the auspices of the Hecla base ball club.

In the afternoon there will be a base ball game between the Bellefonte Athletic club and Hecla park teams. Following that there will be trap shooting, tub racing and dancing in the pavilion. The Zion band will be there to furnish music and light refreshments, such as ice cream, cake, etc., will be served.

—J. Frank Torbert, of Jersey Shore, finished planting ten acres of fruit trees on the old Philip Dale farm, near Woodward, during the past week. Mr. Torbert owns considerable land in that section, and we understand he contemplates planting about 100 acres in fruit in the near future. At present Mr. Torbert is experiencing considerable trouble with caterpillars on his trees and has a number of men burning the nests. On the larger ones they are gathered off the limbs by hand and afterward burned.

FREE TO ANYBODY

WATCHES, CAMERAS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, and many other valuable premiums for selling "QUICKMAID" Tablets at 10 cents a package. Each package makes 10 quarts of delicious FROZEN CUSTARD, in 10 minutes time. Every body buys. Send your name and address, and we will send you 12 packages, postpaid, and large premium list. When sold send us $1.20, and we will send FREE your choice of premium.

Write to-day and get extra present FREE.

FRANKLIN CHEMICAL COMPANY,
830 Filbert Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

The Bellefonte Republican

To CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication ublished unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

WILBUR F. HARRIS

Local Department.

—W. T. Twitmire is putting in a fine new steel range at the Bush House.

—The postmaster at State College has received an increase of salary from $1,500 to $1,600.

—The Presbyterian ladies of Milesburg held a sock social Saturday night at which they cleared $60.00.

—The Bellefonte Shirt Co., resumed operations again Tuesday, with John A. Sharp, of Duncannon, Pa., as foreman.

—Can't be perfect health without pure blood. Burdock Blood Bitters make pure blood. Tones and invigorates the whole system.

—Monday's Inquirer contained a very good picture of Miss Daley Barnes, the valedictorian of the Bellefonte High School, class of 1901.

—Isn't safe to be a day without Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the house. Never can tell what moment an accident is going to happen.

—Sechler & Co., grocers, have placed two handsome new signs, one in each window of their store, in the Bush House block, High street.

—Among the speakers selected from the senior class for the fifty-first commencement of the college of Liberal arts of Bucknell University is Mr. A. M. Allison, of Spring Mills.

—Owing to a strike of the steel heaters the ax factory of the American Ax and Tool company at Mann's near Lewistown shut down Monday for an indefinite period. About 150 men were employed.

—John Van Pelt, a student at the Academy, while practising base ball on the Glass Work's meadow Friday afternoon was struck by a ball which split his nose inflicting a very painful and ugly injury.

—Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body; Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

—Two weddings were solemnized at the U. B. parsonage, Port Matilda, on Wednesday, viz: Ira Nearhoof and Miss Mabel Baney, of Taylor township, this county, and Ira F. Woomer and Miss Dora E. Welch, who live neal Vail.

—Mothers lose their dread for that terrible second summer when they have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the house. Nature's specific for bowel complaint of every sort.

—It has been decided that Bellefonte is to have no sports of any kind on Memorial Day, Bellefonte is to be congratulated upon reaching this conclusion. Bellefonte should go up head. All honor to Bellefonte.—Tyrone Herald.

—The Rev. R. P. Miller, for fourteen years pastor of the Homestead church, has asked his people to release him, that he may accept a call to Philipsburg, Centre county, Pa. Mr. Miller will be released at the June meeting of Presbytery.

—Willis E. Williams and Miss Julia Lucas were united in marriage Saturday evening at 7:15 o'clock at the home of the bride's father, Andrew Lucas, on Half Moon Hill. The ceremony was performed by Rev. T. W. Perks, pastor of the United Brethren church.

—We would call the attention of the borough fathers to the bad condition of the street in front of the Court House. The paved street is worn through in several places and is much in need of repair. Summer is almost here and the town should put on its best appearance.

—Invitations are out announcing the much-talked-of marriage of Miss Honora Patton, daughter of the late Hon. John Patton, deceased, of Curwensville, to Dr. Edmund Louis Gros, of Paris. The ceremony will take place at 12 o'clock Friday June 7, in the Methodist church at Curwensville, followed by an elaborate reception at the Patton home.

—The May devotions were brought to a successful close Sunday evening in St. John's Catholic church by a procession of children, mostly under 12 years of age, from the Parochial school. The ceremony of the crowning of Mary was gone through with and there was singing and speaking by the children. The services were very beautiful and was largely attended.

—Invitations have been issued for the approaching marriage of Miss Helen Taylor Moore, daughter of Colonel and Mrs. William O. Moore, of Wytheville, Virginia, to Mr. William Wilkins, superintendent of the Bellefonte Furnace. The event will take place in St John's Episcopal church at Wytheville, Va., Thursday evening, June 6th at half past six o'clock.

—The June Magazine number of The Outlook, which is its Annual Recreation Number, contains an article of extreme value by Philip W. Ayres, on "The Forester and His Work." Mr. Ayres tells of the life of the forest land that already have been reserved, and it is hoped will be reserved, by the Government. The article is illustrated by photographs of trees, woodland and forests of the West and South. ($3 a year. The Outlook company, 287 Fourth avenue, New York.)

THE PRIZE DEBATE.

Held at the Academy Friday Afternoon.

A large audience gathered at the Academy Friday afternoon to listen to the first annual debate held by the Academy students in competition for the cash prizes given by the young alumni of the school.

The meeting was called to order by the president of the Literary Society J. R. Hughes, and the minutes of the previous meeting were read by the Secretary, John Mahaffey, Fred Blanchard, a member of the alumni explained the conditions attached to the giving of the prize. The prizes were $10.00 and $5.00 respectively.

The subject of debate was Resolved—That the machine though an evil is necessary in politics. The affirmative was ably handled by Louis Brosius, James Pratt Randolph Hoy, while the negative was well taken care of by Ward Fleming, John Munson and Edward Caldwell.

The debate lasted about two hours and a half and was interesting and exciting throughout. The way the boys handled themselves in their off hand delivery, showing a thorough knowledge of the question and a surprising ability to detect and reply to the points of their opponents, was a very agreeable surprise to the large audience present, and was particularly encouraging to the members of the alumni who were there to hear the first prize debate of their own creation.

The judges of the contest were Messrs. J. C. Meyer, H. C. Quigley, and J. Thomas Mitchell and they awarded the first prize of $10.00 to James Pratt, of Unionville, and the second prize of $5.00 to Edward Caldwell.

J. C. Meyer Esq., in announcing the decision of the judges made one of his characteristic, pleasing addresses, which proved highly enjoyable to his hearers.

All the contestants acquitted themselves admirably and the REPUBLICAN reporter is not authorized to make special mention of any, but he feels like complimenting the work of Brosius and Hoy who are certainly worthy of honorable mention.

The room where the exercises occurred was beautifully decorated with the National colors.

The Presbyterian Concert.

One of the most pleasing musical events held in Bellefonte for some time was the concert given in the Presbyterian church Tuesday evening under the direction of Mrs. J. Malcolm Laurie. The artists who took part were Mr. Frederick Hahn, violinist, and Miss Maud Rees, contralto singer. They were accompanied on the piano by Mrs. Laurie.

There was a large audience present in spite of the inclemency of the weather and judging from the expressions heard on all sides the entertainment was highly succeseful in every particular.

Mr. Hahn, the violinist, is one of the finest ever listened to in this city and his skillful playing proved a delightful treat. In response to a request from his hearers he repeated two of the most beautiful numbers on his program.

Miss Rees has a fine contralto voice which she has under marvelous control and which she used to great advantage in her singing Tuesday evening.

Both artists are from Philadelphia where they have appeared in concert with great success.

The Memorial Sermon.

The Methodist church was well filled Sunday morning, in spite of the inclemency of the weather, to listen to the Memorial sermon as delivered by Rev. W. P. Shriner, the pastor. Gregg Post, No. 95 G. A. R., attended in a body and occupied the front seats. Rev. Shriner took for his text the 12th verse of the 7th chapter of the 1st book of Samuel, "Then Samuel took a stone, and set it between Mizpeh and Shem, and called it the name of Ebenezer, saying, Hitherto has the Lord helped us." He showed how God had helped this country, from its first discovery by Columbus up to the present time, and how he would be with it in the future as long as the Nation's trust was in Him. The sermon was a powerful exposition of the truth and left a marked impression on his hearers.

Will Preach His Farewell Sermon Sunday June 2.

Rev. Thomas Levan Bickle, pastor of the Reformed Church at this place, has accepted a unanimous call to become the pastor of the St. John's Reformed Church, Fortieth and Spring Garden streets, Philadelphia. He will preach his farewell sermon on Sunday, June 2, after which he will depart for the City of Brotherly Love. Rev. Mr. Bickle is a son of William R. Bickle, of Reading, Pa., and is comparatively a young man. He graduated with first honors of his class from Franklin and Marshall College at Lancaster in 1895. He then took a two years' course at the Hartford Theological Seminary at Hartford, Connecticut. He finished his course in the Theological Seminary connected with Franklin and Marshall College in June, 1898.

UNCLAIMED LETTER LIST.

The following letters remain in the Bellefonte Post Office uncalled for May 27th, 1901:

John Ammerman, Geo. Chandler, Peter A. Cole, Rosie Greene, Catherine Houser, D. P. Little, I. W. Noyer, Chas. Strause.

When called for please say advertised.

W. W. MONTGOMERY, P. M.

The Luther League Annual Convention.

On Wednesday and Thursday, June 12 and 13, the seventh annual convention of the Central District Luther League of Clinton, Centre and Union counties, will be held in St. John's English Lutheran church Lock Haven. A large attendance is expected. The program will be as follows:

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

(Opening address limited to 20 minutes)

2:00—Opening service, Rev. D. E. Rupley.
Address of welcome, Frank Knights.
Response by the president, Clement Dale Esq., Bellefonte.
Luther League Rally hymn.
Organization and enrollment.

3:00—"The Ideal Young People's Society," Rev. Luther M. Welcksel, Renovo; Prof. H. C. Rothrock, Millheim.

3:45—General discussion.
Closing service.

WEDNESDAY EVENING SESSION.

7:30—Service of song by the choirs.

7:45—Scripture and prayer, Rev. C. B. Harman, Madisonburg.

8:00—"The Relation of the League and Other Organizations to the Pastor and Church," Rev. H. C. Holloway, D. D., Bellefonte.
Singing

8:30—"Wherein Does the Success of Young People's Societies Consist," Rev. W. M. Rearick, West Milton.
Offerings.
Closing exercises.

THURSDAY MORNING SESSION.

9:00—Devotional service, Rev. W. K. Diehl, Nittany.

9:30—"Luther and the Diet of Worms," W. D. Shollenberger, Montgomery, Statistican of State League; Prof. C. L. Gramley, Rebersburg; Miss Mabel Bickford. Lock Haven.

10:00—Discussion.
Hymn.

10:15—"Are Our Young People's Societies Only for Church Members?" Rev. Luther McConnell, Mifflinburg; Rev. J. I. Stonecypher, Hartleton; Miss Annie Sweeny, Boalsburg.
Discussion.

11:00—Reports from societies

THURSDAY AFTERNOON SESSION.

2:00—Devotional service, Charles Uhler, Renovo.

2:15—"Can the Members of the Young People's Societies Neglect the Regular Church Service?" Rev. C. T. Aikens, Pine Grove; Rev. E. H. Gerhart, Aaronsburg; Miss Orpha Gramley, Spring Mills.

3:00—Discussion.
Singing.

3:15—"The Social Side of the Societies and the Character of Their Entertainments," Rev. R. W. Mottern, Salona; Rev. W. K. Diehl, W. A. H. Streamer, Philipsburg.
Discussion.

5:30—Free trolley ride for delegates and lawn festival with refreshments at Mr. E. P. Mosser's.

THURSDAY EVENING SESSION.

7:45—Devotional service, I. A. Shaffer Jr.

8:15—"Higher Edcation," Rev. C. W. Heisler, D. D., President of Susquehanna University, Selinsgrove.
Offerings.
Hymn.
Social Hour.
Final Adjournment.

Death of Mrs. Elizabeth Miller.

Mrs. Elizabeth Miller, widow of Alexander Miller, died Thursday morning at 10 o'clock at her home on East Bishop street, after a weeks illness with pneumonia.

Deceased whose maiden name was Elizabeth Blackburn, was a native of Bedford county having been born there 84 years ago last November. She married Alexander Miller and in 1854 moved to Centre county where she has resided ever since.

She was of Quaker descent and was a kind hearted christian lady. Her husband, Alexander Miller, preceded her to the grave about sixteen years ago.

She is survived by the following children, Herman K.; Joseph, Richard, and Mrs. William Garrett, of Bellefonte, and Frank of Madison, Wisconsin. She also leaves two sisters, Mrs. Wm. Kirk and Mrs. Thomas G. Miller both of Bedford, Pa.

The funeral took place Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. W. P. Shriner officiating. Interment in Union cemetery. The pall-bearers were John Meese, J. C. Showers, Christ Swartz, Geo. Kaup, Daniel Eberhart and Isaac Miller.

Death of Gilbert M. McCauley.

Gilbert M. McCauley, treasurer and general manager of the Central Iron and Steel Co., died very suddenly in the Broad street station Philadelphia, shortly after 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon.

Mr. McCauley was one of the best known and foremost citizens of Harrisburg. He was born Jan. 31, 1842, in Massilon, O. There he received his early education in the public schools. Although Mr. McCauley did not go through college he was a cultured and scholarly man. He never laid aside books and pursued his education until the day of his death.

When the Civil war broke out he enlisted as a private in an Ohio regiment. As an attache of the quartermaster's department his earnest work, ready brain and general ability won the attention of his officers and won for him a place in the general quartermaster's department. He is survived by his wife, 2 brothers and 1 sister.

—The Gypsies' Festival and Vestal Virgins by the Sunday School Volunteers under the direction of Mrs. Maurice J. Babb will be given in the lecture room of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Friday evening, May 31st, at 7:30 o'clock. Admission 25c. The evening program promises to be of unusual merit and the entertainment will be one of pleasure and enjoyment. The proceeds of the entertainment will be applied to the church bond subscribed for by Mrs. Babb's Sunday school class, the S. S. Volunteers.

PERSONAL PENCILINGS.

John Meese visited in Howard one day last week.

Burt Haven, of Tyrone, spent Sunday in Bellefonte.

Hon. A. O. Furst transacted business in Tyrone Friday.

Ellis L. Orvis, Esq., transacted business in Altoona Friday.

W. M. Frear, of State College, was an Altoona visitor Friday.

Charles Harris departed Friday afternoon for Philadelphia.

W. Gross Mingle spent Sunday at his parents home at Centre Hall.

Mrs. Margaret Alexander of Richmond, Va., is visiting friends in this place.

Gen. James A. Beaver was an arrival home Friday morning from Pittsburg.

F. H. Clemson and Dr. S. G. Coons, of Scotia, were Bellefonte visitors Monday.

Ex-Sheriff W. M. Cronister, of Port Matilda, was a Bellefonte visitor Monday.

Walter Butts, of Windber, spent Sunday in Bellefonte with his mother, Mrs. Mary Butts.

Messrs. Samuel Taylor and Henry Linn left Monday evening on a business trip to New York city.

Ex-County Commissioner Thomas W. Fisher, of Unionville, was a business visitor in town Friday.

Mrs. Harry Dietrick and son Harry, of Altoona, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Robert Irwin, of North Spring street.

James Reilly and wife of Muncie, Ind., are visiting Mrs. Reilly's mother, Mrs. Barbara Gross, of South Potter street.

Miss Julia McDermott of East Bishop street, arrived home Monday after a very pleasant visit with friends in Lock Haven.

John L. Knisely, of the Bellefonte Glass Company, was an arrival home Friday morning from a business trip to eastern cities.

W. Harrison Walker Esq., returned home Thursday morning from attending the meeting of the Grand Castle, K. G. E., at Lebanon.

Rev. Dr. William Laurie and Rev. J. T. Scott spent last week in Philadelphia, attending the meetings of the Presbyterian general assembly.

Mrs. Samuel Lewin and two children, Emily and Miriam, returned home Wednesday evening from an extended visit with friends in Baltimore.

Sim Baum trading as Sim The Clothier, has gone to New York. His spring business was so large that it necessitated a second trip to the markets.

Harry Fitzgerald, of Columbus, Ohio, spent Friday night in Bellefonte at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Fitzgerald, of North Spring street.

Miss Ella Waite departed on Monday for Johnstown to attend the convention of the Young Peoples Union of the U. B. church now in session at that place.

J. C. Meyer Esq., returned home Friday morning from Gettysburg where he attended the 78th annual convention of the Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows of Pennsylvania.

Col. Wilbur F. Reeder, W. I. Fleming, W. Harrison Walker and Harry Keller are among the Bellefonters attending the Knights Templar Conclave at Reading this week.

Rev. T. W. Perks and family left Monday morning for Johnstown to attend the convention of the Allegheny Conference Young People's Christian Union of the United Brethren church in session at that place this week.

Mrs. Edward Shoemaker, and little grandson, Philip, and Miss Ella McClain left Monday for Atlantic City. It is hoped that the change will be beneficial to Mrs. Shoemaker, who has suffered greatly with neuralgia for several months.

Miss Lulu Rine and Mr. N. B. Bailey left Monday for Johnstown where they go as delegates from the local Y. P. C. U., to the convention of Y. P. C. U., of the Allegheny conference of the U. B. church to be held at that place this week.

Former Governor D. H. Hastings, Col. J. L. Spangler, Mrs. H. P. Armsby, J. W. Gephart, Dr. George W. Atherton and Messrs. John and Edmund Blanchard were among the Centre county people registered at Philadelphia hotels last week.

Mr. Sidney Barlett, accompanied by his wife and children, are visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. David Barlett, of North Thomas street. Mr. Barlett is braking on the main line of the P. R. R. from Altoona to Harrisburg and his home is at Altoona.

Rev. E. H. Mateer, of McVeytown, occupied the pulpit at the Presbyterian church Sunday evening. He preached a very strong sermon taking for his text the 1st chapter and 46th verse of the Gospel according to St. John "Come and See." His sermon was based on the life of Christ and was very interesting and profitable.

Dr. D. H. Mingle, of Maxwell, Iowa, is east on a pleasure trip and is the guest of his many friends and relatives in Centre county. It is almost 20 years since the doctor left his associates about Millheim and Aaronsburg and located in his home in Iowa, where he is at present enjoying not only a lucrative practice, but is regarded a most useful citizen in his community.

Woman's Work

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Wm P. Humes was an Altoona visitor Monday.

Sidney D. Furst, of Lock Haven spent Tuesday night in Bellefonte.

Ex Sheriff John P. Condo of Millheim transacted business in town Tuesday.

Col. W. Fred Reynolds departed Tuesday on a business trip to Philadelphia.

James F. Pletcher, of Curtin's Works, transacted business in Tyrone Monday.

George Beezer left Tuesday afternoon for Philadelphia to attend the horse show in that city.

Mrs. Daniel H. Hastings is spending a few days with her daughter Mrs. Ross A. Hickok in Harrisburg.

J. Linn Harris returned home last week from Virginia where he was engaged in the lumber business.

Robert F. Hunter returned home Tuesday morning from Missouri where he has been looking after his interests in a copper mine.

Misses Helen and Mabel Breon, of Millheim, are visiting their grandparents Mr. and Mrs. James Ott, of East High street.

Mr. and Mrs. James Young and two daughters, of Altoona, are visiting John H. Bryan at the latter's home on North Water street.

George T. Bush left Friday afternoon for Philadelphia and Reading. While in the latter place he will attend the Knight Templar Conclave.

Miss Blanche M. Gengher, daughter of Mrs. Arvilla Gengher, left on Monday afternoon to visit her sister, Mrs. George Martin, of Pittsburg.

Mrs. Thomas Hamilton, of Williamsport, who has been visiting for the past few days at the home of Mr. T. R. Hamilton, on East Howard street left for her home Tuesday.

Amos Cole, who is employed in a large machine shop at Munhall, Pa., has been compelled to give up his work, for the present, owing to illness, and is now at his home in this place.

J. Thomas Mitchell left Friday afternoon for Philadelphia. After a short stay in that city he proceeded to New York, from which place he sails today for a three months tour of Europe.

Dr. J. E. Ward, with Mrs. Ward and children left Wednesday for Williamsport where the doctor will attend the fifty-third annual convention of the Susquehanna Dental Society now in session in that city. Before returning home Dr. Ward and his family will visit Philadelphia and New York for a week or ten days.

—An infant child of George Zimmerman, of Milesburg, died from diphtheria Tuesday morning and was buried the same afternoon. This is the only case of diphtheria in Milesburg.

—Harrisburg will vote in November on an issue of $525.000 bonds for improvement purposes.

—Best set of teeth at Dr. Geissingers for $8.00. d-1m-w-4t

JUNIOR ORATORICAL CONTEST.

The Program to be Rendered Wednesday Evening, June 5th.

The Junior Oratorical contest by the students of the Bellefonte High school, in competition for the Reynold's prize, will be held in Garman's opera house, Wednesday evening, June 5th. The program is as follows:

Music.
Invocation.
"Little Hallelujah's Convert," Kathryn Musser
"Heroes of the Land of Penn." ..... Lee Adams
"The Old Wife's Last Kiss" ..... Nettie Kern
"The New South" ..... Strohm Lose
Music.
"Vashti" ..... Bertha Faxon.
"The Defense of Hofer the Tyrolese Patriot" Irvin Noll
"Tue Night Run of the Overland" Helen Schaeffer
Music.
"The Storming of Mission Ridge" William Browne
"The Roman Valentine" ..... Helen Crissman
"A Plea" ..... James Taylor
Decision of judges.

The State College Commencement.

The Forty-second annual commencement of the Pennsylvania State College will be held at State College, June 9-12, 1901. The program for the week is as follows:

SUNDAY, JUNE 9.

10:30 a. m.—Baccalaureate Sermon, by the Rev. Lawrence M. Colfelt, D. D, Philadelphia.

MONDAY, JUNE 10.

2:00 p. m.—Calisthenics—on the Athletic grounds.

3:30 p. m.—Annual Inter-class athletic contest.

8:00 p. m.—Junior oratorical contest.

TUESDAY, JUNE 11.

8:30 a. m.—Annual meeting of the Alumni association.

10:00 a. m.—Annual meeting of the Board of Trustees.

12:00 m.—Alumni luncheon in the Armory.

2:30 p. m.—Meeting (in room No. 121) of delegates and alumni to elect trustees.

4:00 p. m.—Exhibition drill, by the Cadet Battalion.

8:00 p. m.—Presentation of "Lend Me Five Shillings" and "David Garrick" by the "Thespians."

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 12.

10:00 a. m.—Graduation exercises of the class of 1901.

Commencement addresses by the Hon. A. O. Furst and Gen. Willis J. Hulings.

Death of Mrs. Robert Fleming.

Mrs. Robert Fleming, a native of Bellefonte, died at the home of her sister Mrs. W. A. Simpson at Lock Haven Wednesday morning at 4 o'clock of nervous prostration, from which she had been suffering for some time. Her home was in Brookville, Jefferson county, where her husband had charge of a large lumber operation.

Deceased was born in Bellefonte about 55 years ago. Her maiden name was Agnes Tammany and she was a daughter of Henry Tammany, deceased. She is survived by her husband, Robert Fleming, of Brookville, and one sister, Mrs. W. A. Simpson, of Lock Haven. Deceased was a conscientious member of the Catholic church and enjoyed the love and respect of a large circle of friends and acquaintances.

The time for the funeral has not been definitely set at this writing but the remains will be brought to Bellefonte and interred in the Tammany family lot in the Catholic cemetery at this place.

—David Kline, of Blanchard, has been granted a pension of $10.00 per month.